

Vertical De-coupling of the Middle Atmosphere by Broken Planetary Waves

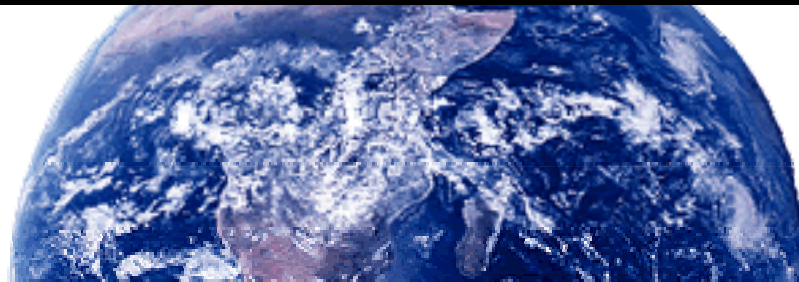
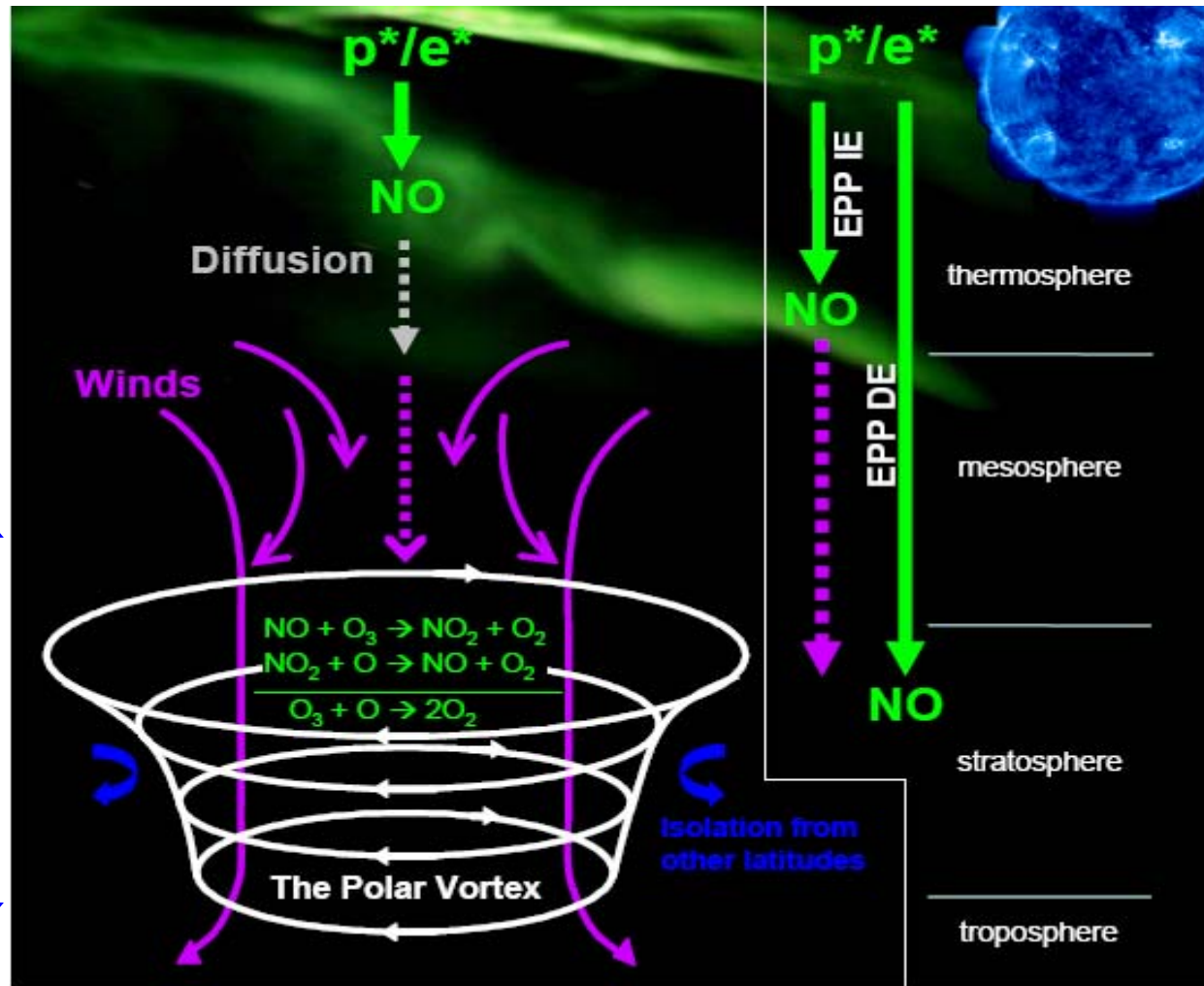
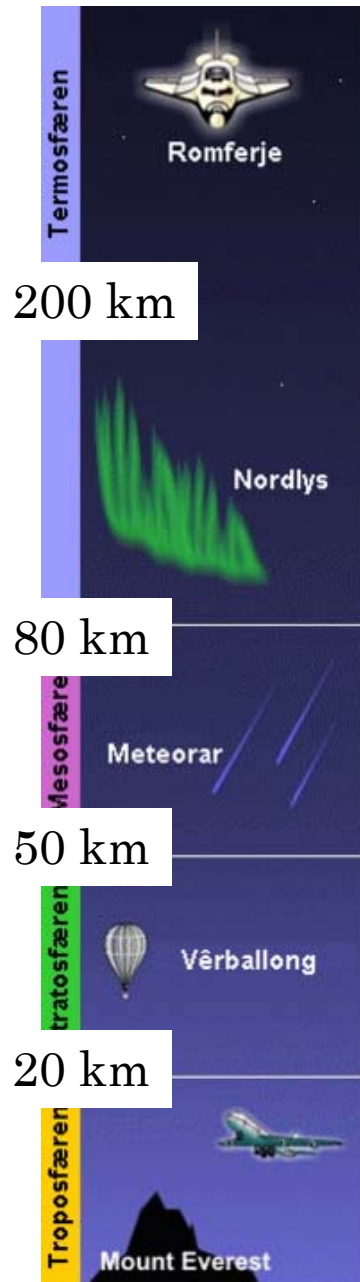
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- Polar Vortex and Stratospheric Warmings
- Motivation:
 - NSF Stratosphere-Mesosphere Coupling in IPY
 - Vertical transport of EPP NO_x
- Vertical De-coupling during SSW 2009
- NO_x Descent and Arctic Vortex Area 2004-2009
- January-February 2009 3-D Movie

Stratospheric Polar Vortex

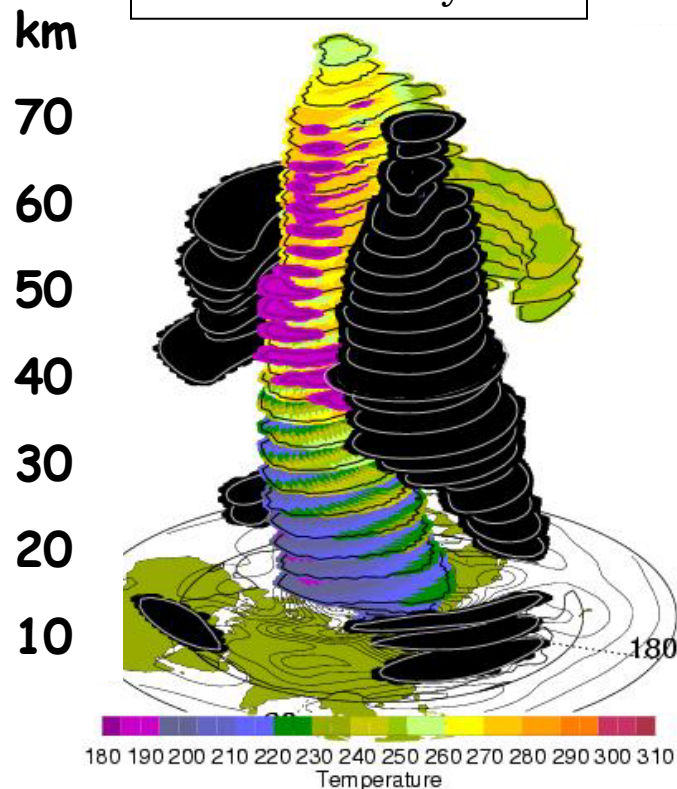


Winter phenomenon
 No sun for O_3 \rightarrow cold strat
 Circumpolar Low Pressure
 Polar night westerly jet
 Descent from meso/thermo

Sudden Stratospheric Warmings



Arctic Vortex and Aleutian Anticyclone



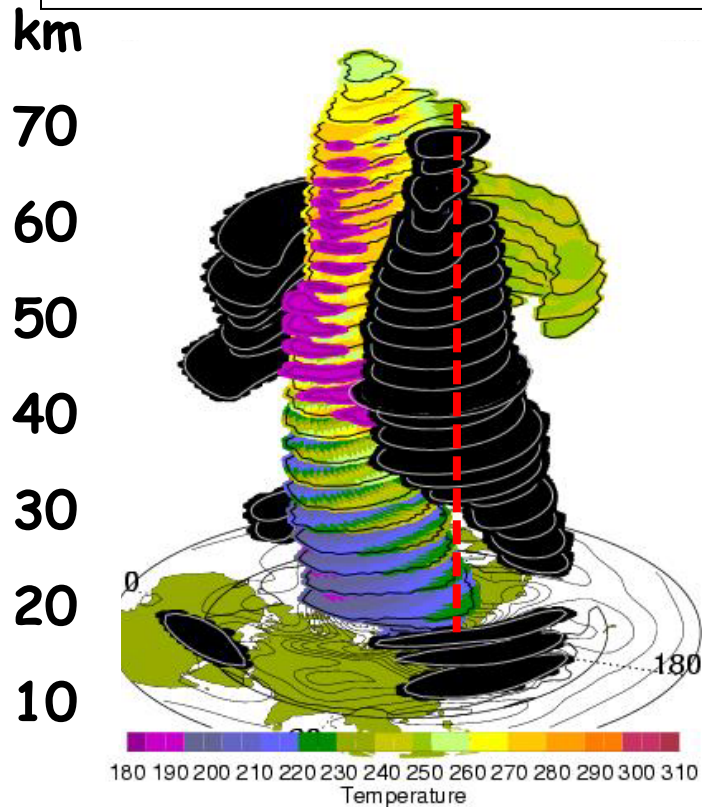
- First discovered by Richard Scherhag in 1952
- Major disruptions of the polar vortex
- Upward propagation of PW from troposphere.
- **PW amplify with altitude and break to form closed anticyclonic vortices.**
- **← 3-D representation :** NH E Asia 10-70 km
- Stratopause descends and warms.

$\Delta T 65^{\circ} \text{C} \sim 150^{\circ} \text{F}$
1 week -40 to 110
Siberia to Sahara

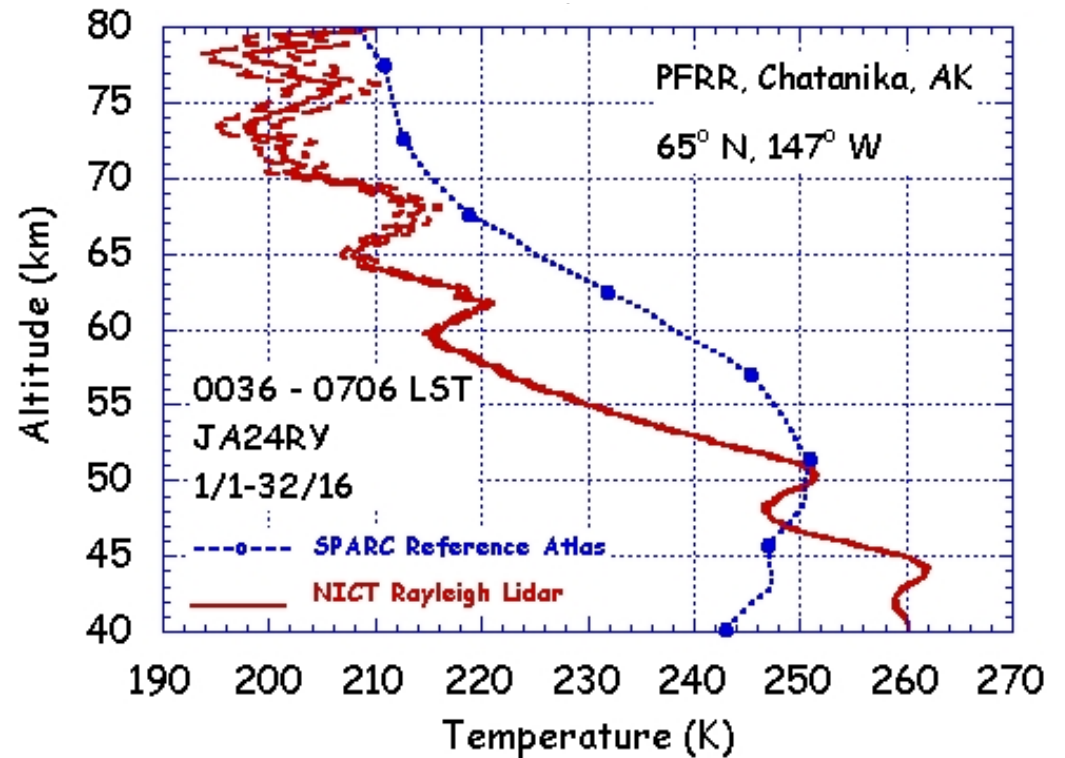
Vortex is not usually a cylinder
Next – IPY effort provides global context for lidars

24 January 2008

Vortex and Anticyclone



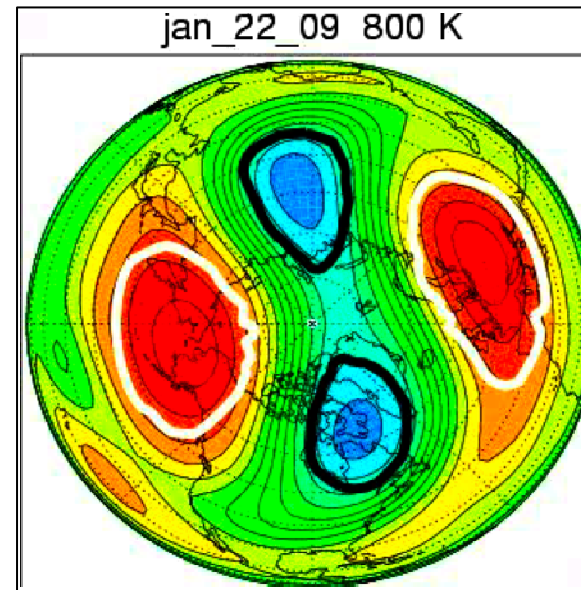
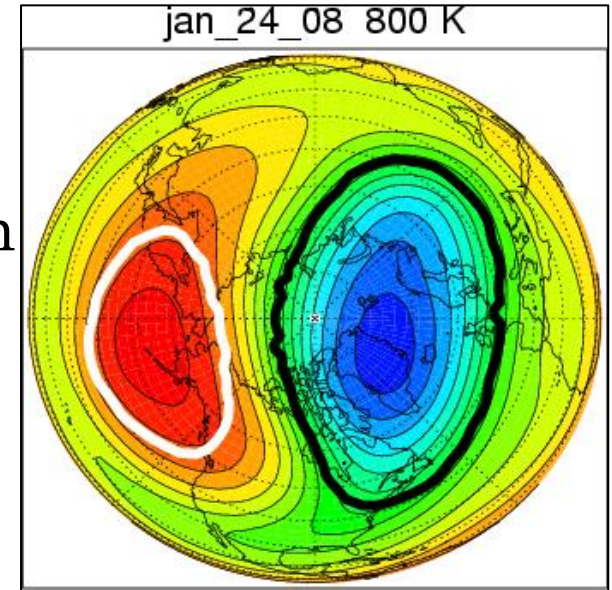
Temperature Profile



Use global vortex/anticyclone info to interpret single-site lidar profiles.
Lidar profile is in the anticyclone – low & warm stratopause, cold mesosphere

Two General Types of SSWs

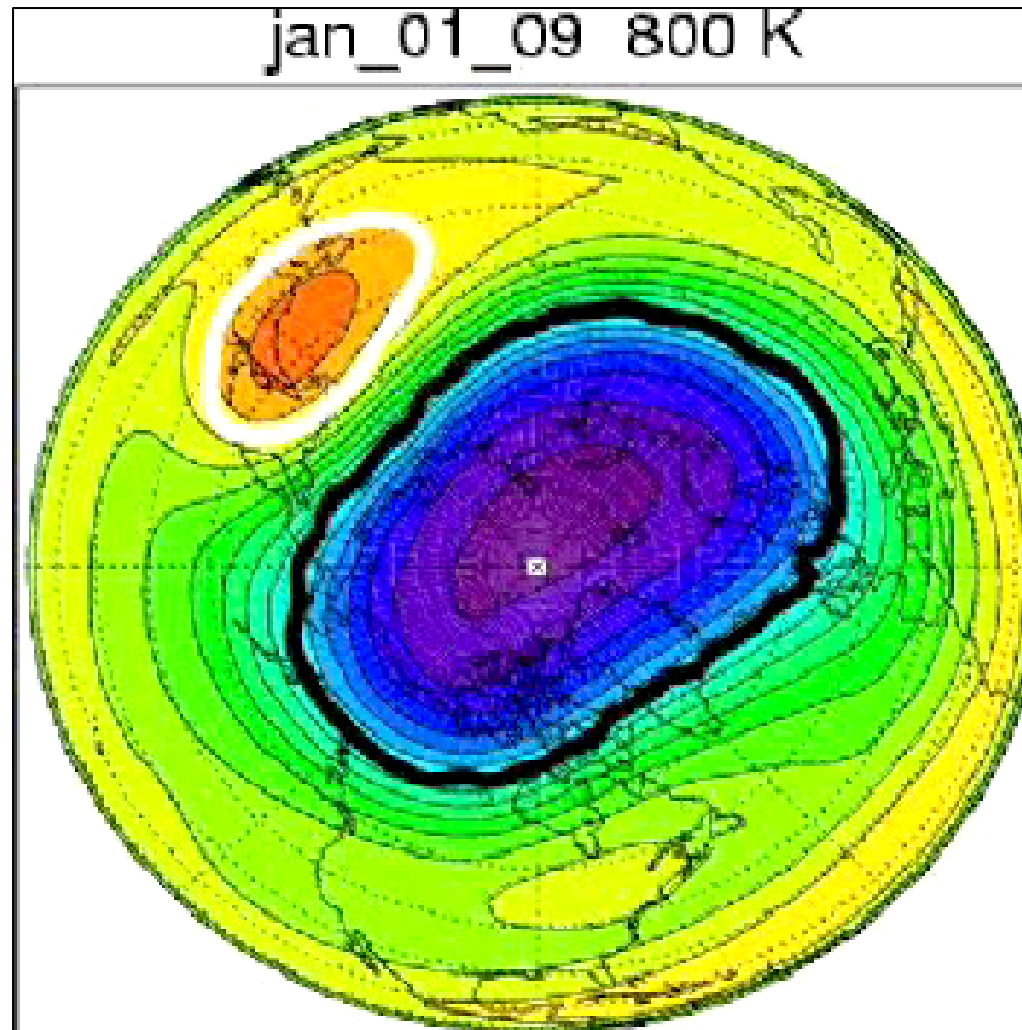
- (1) Vortex *displaced* from pole
 - a.k.a. “Minor”, “Wave 1”, or Canadian
 - One anticyclone
 - WMO definition: 10 hPa polar T warmer than midlatitudes
- (2) Vortex *split*
 - a.k.a. “Major”, “Wave 2”
 - Two anticyclones
 - Defn: (1) and 10 hPa easterlies



Vortex (anticyclone) edge in black (white)

Next – January 2009 polar movie

Jan 2009 Geopotential Height ~ 30 km



UK MetO
Type (2)

Next – 2009 De-coupling above and below

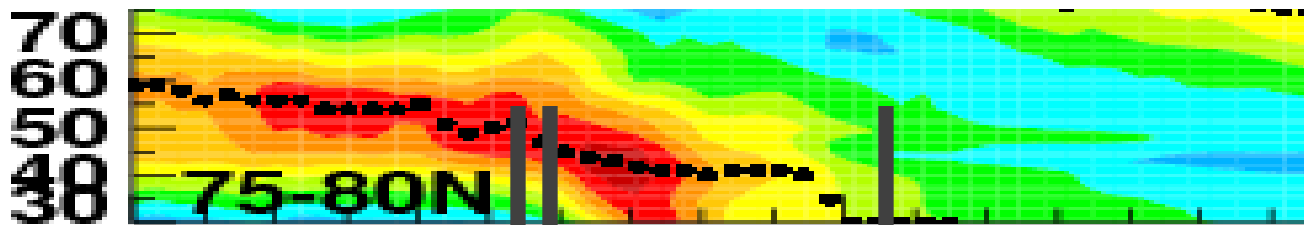
18 Jan 2009

20 Jan 2009

4 Feb 2009

50
km

20
km



Next – 3D on 20 Jan and 4 Feb

Jan

Feb

20 Jan 2009

4 Feb 2009

70
km

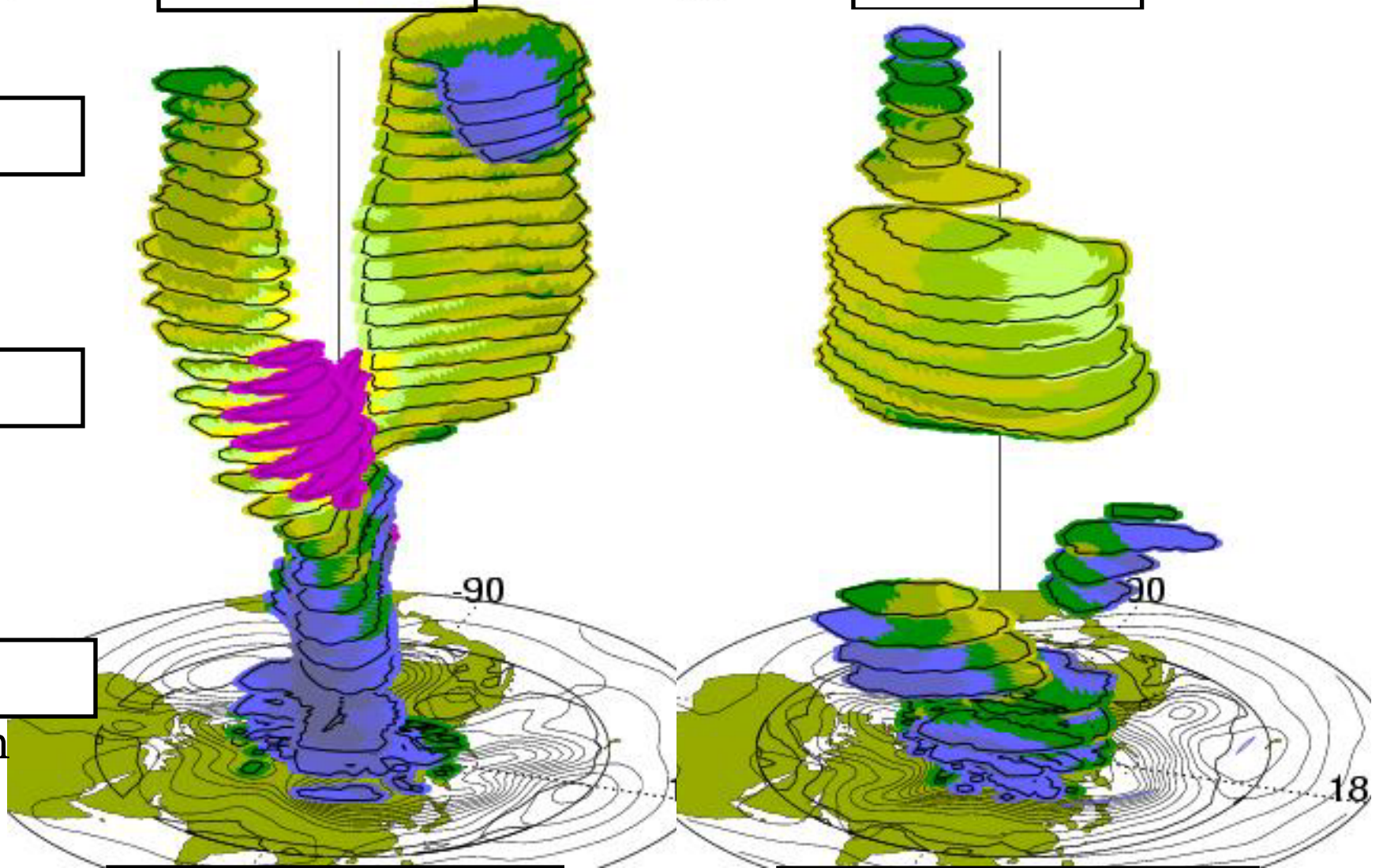
50
km

20
km

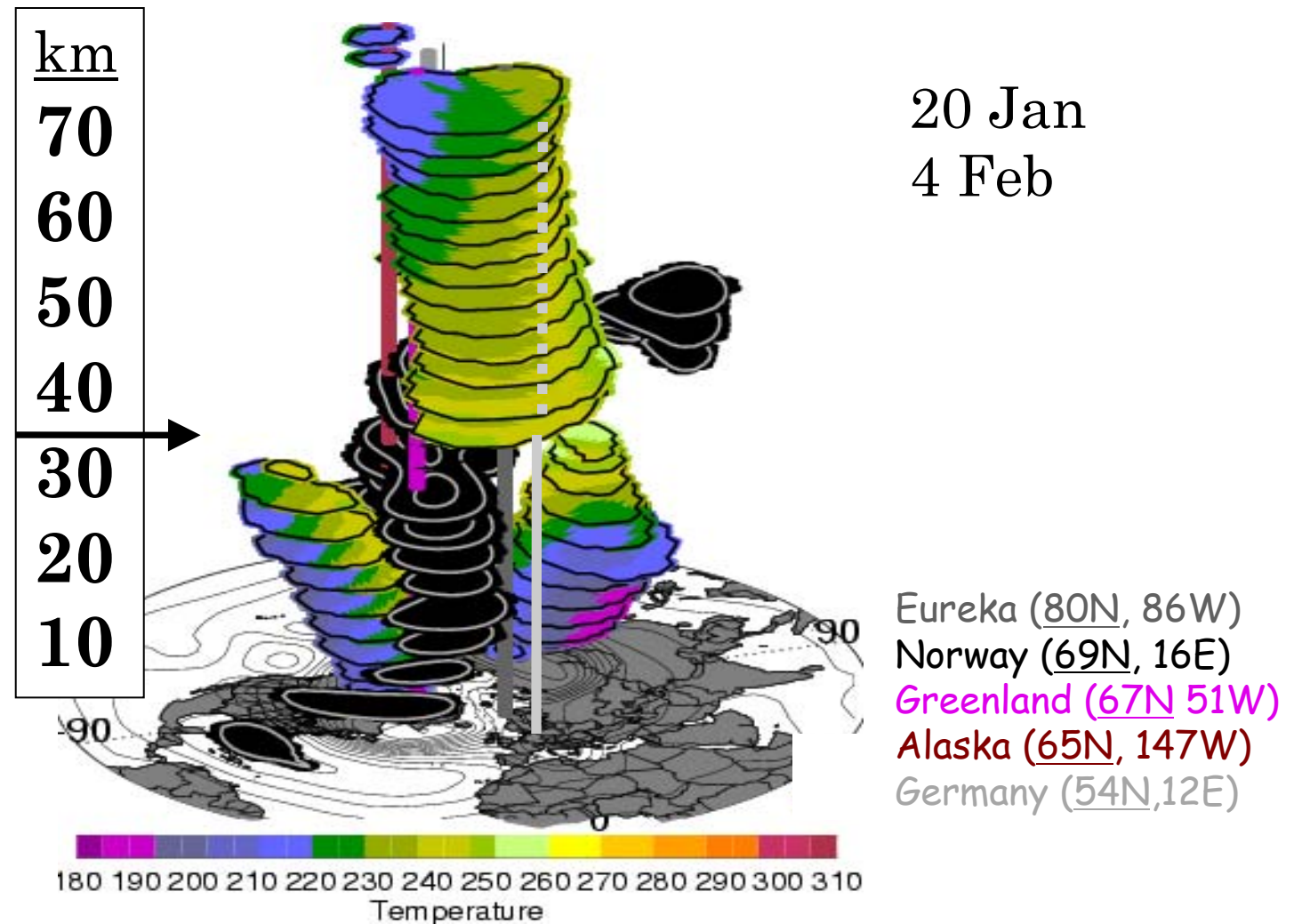
Split above 40 km

Reformed above 50 km
Weak 40-50 km
Split below 30 km

Next – add anticyclones on day between 27 Jan

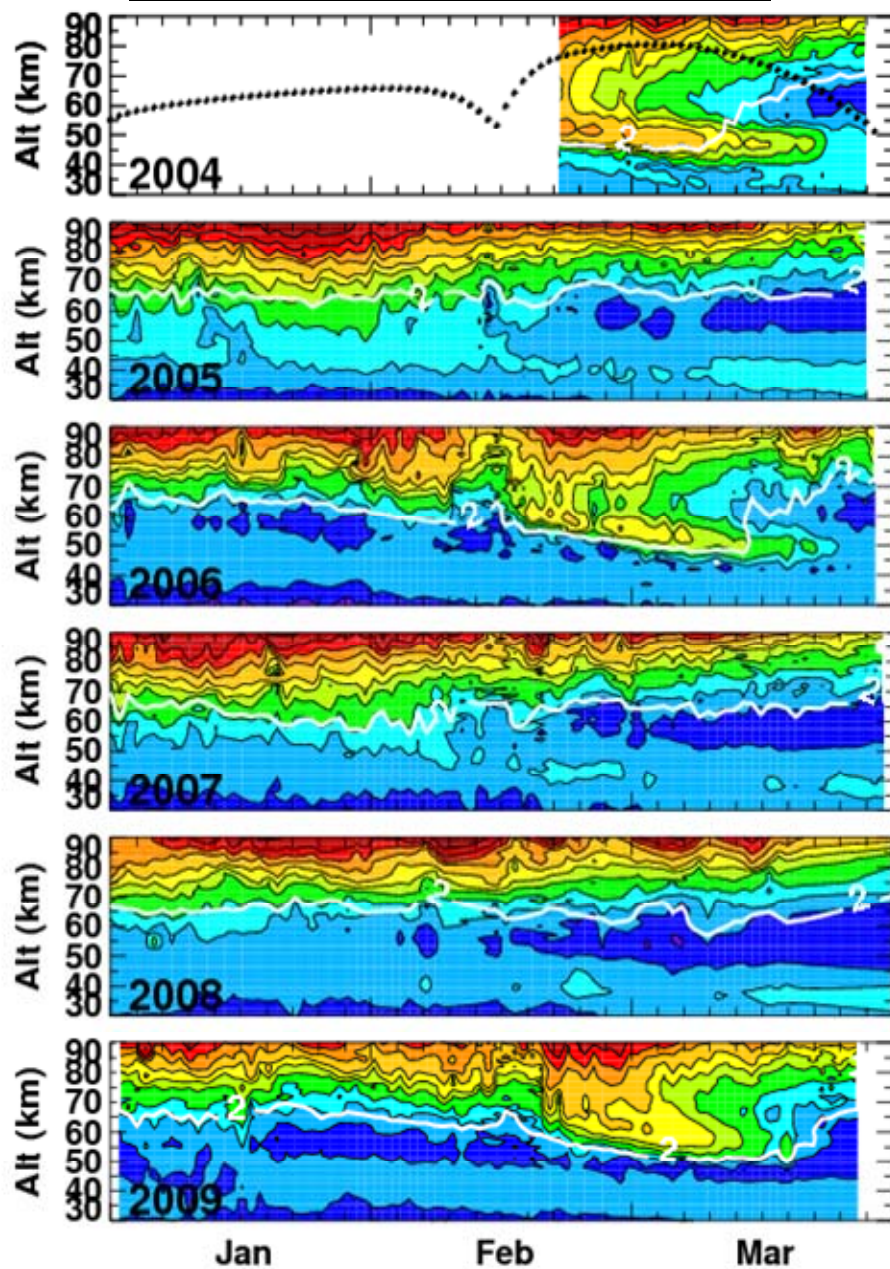


Vertical De-coupling on Jan 27th 2009

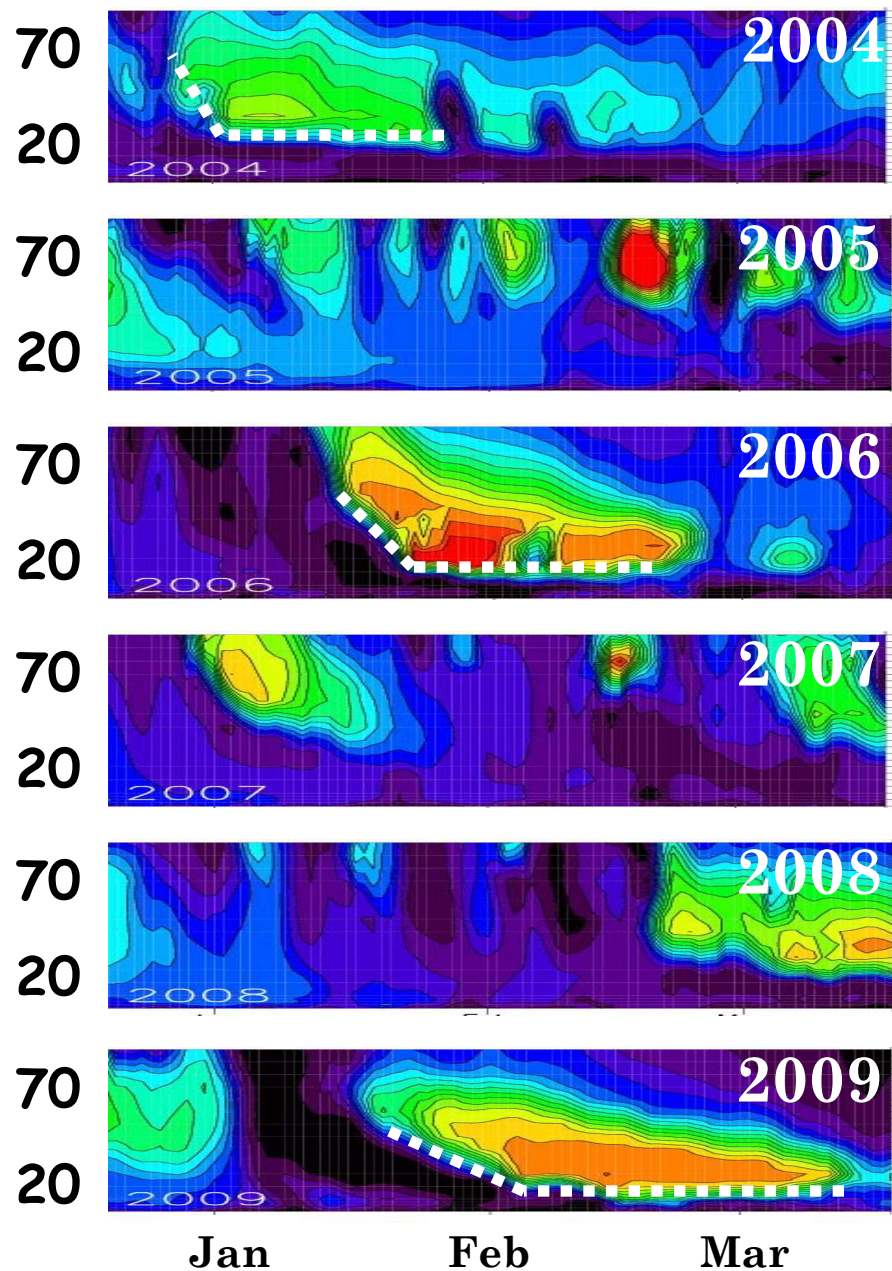


NH. GM view. 10-70 km. Vortex is de-coupled at 40 km. Situation persists for 3 weeks.
Next – 2004 – 2009 altitude-time vortex area

ACE NO_x

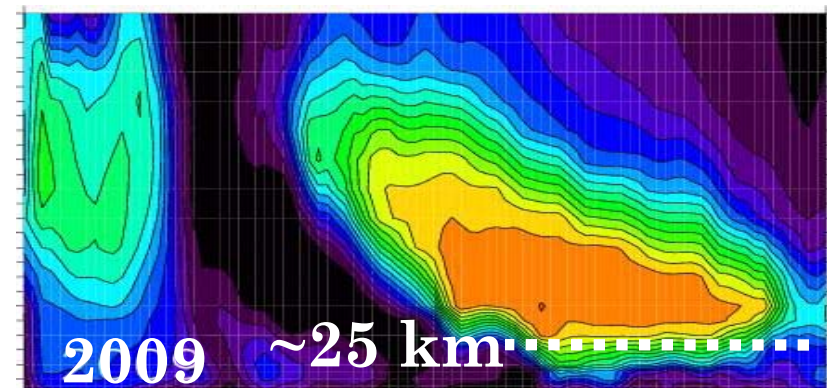
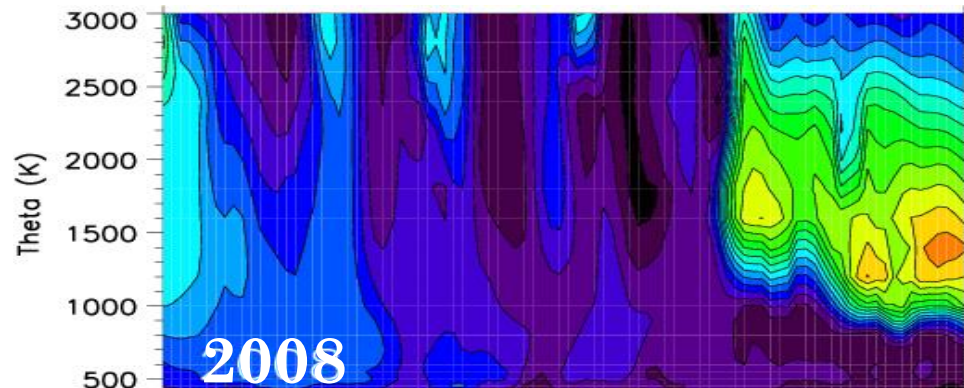
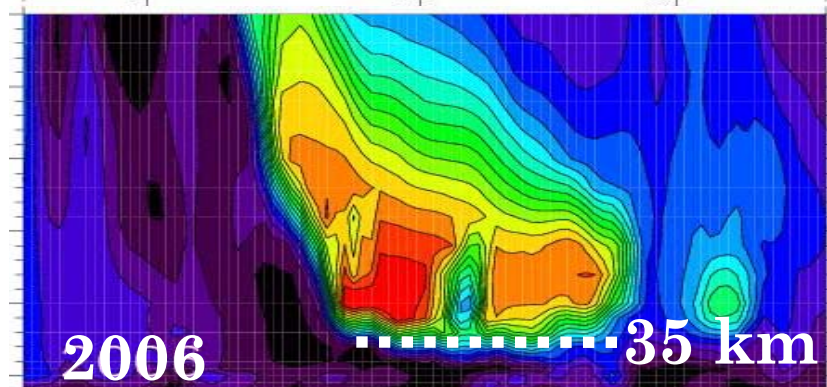
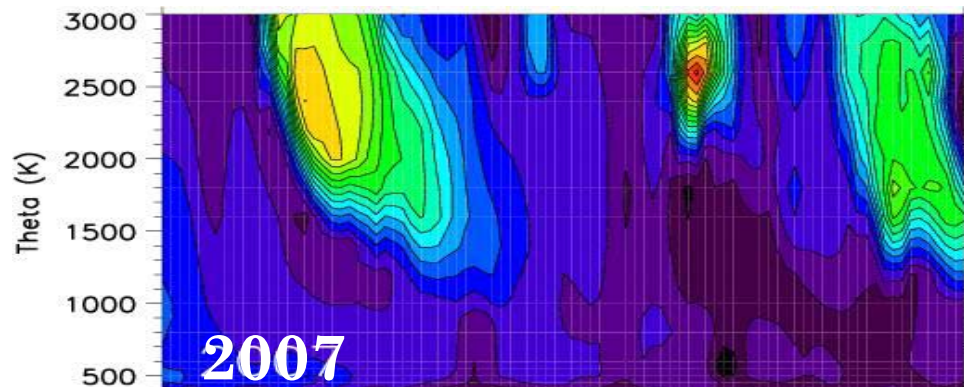
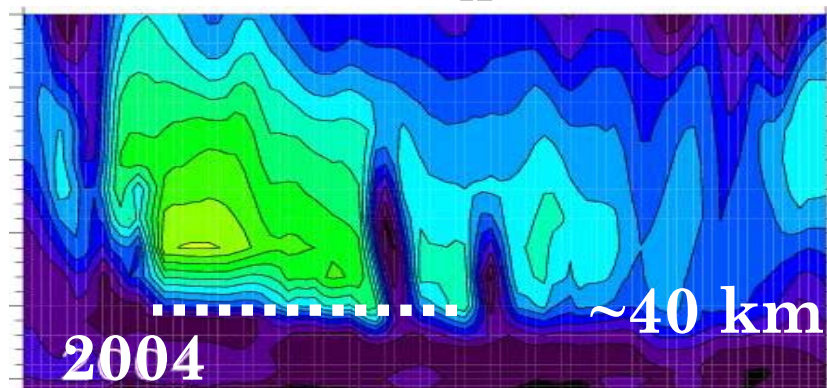
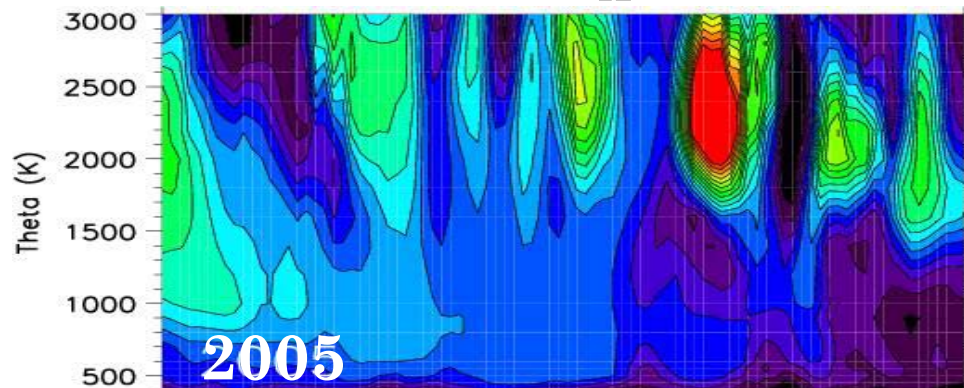


Vortex Area



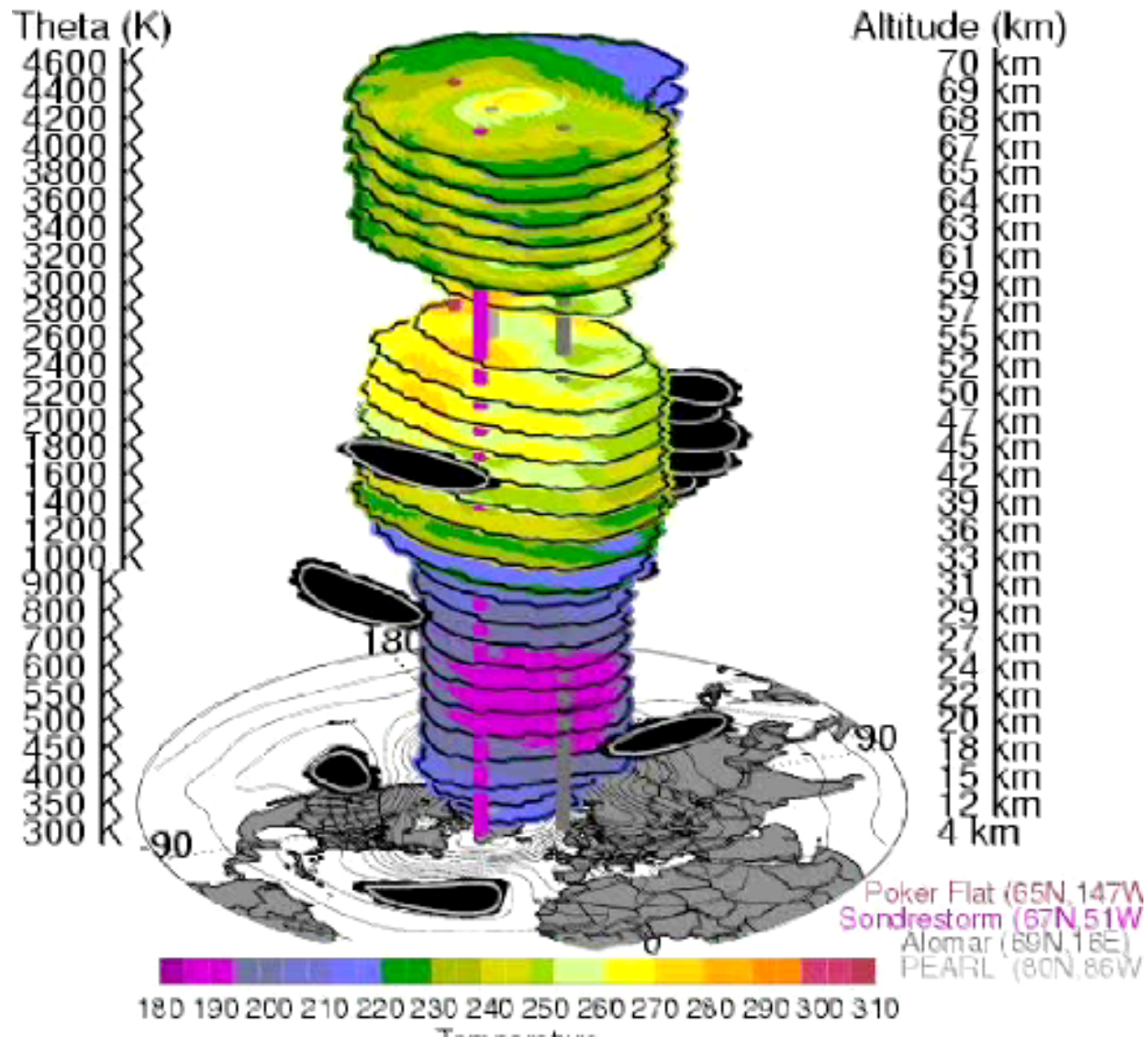
Low NO_x Years

High NO_x Years



Jan 10th to Feb 10th 2009

GEOS-5 20090110 00Z

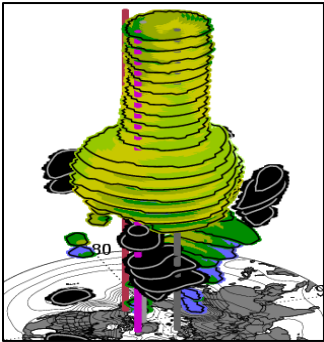


Summary

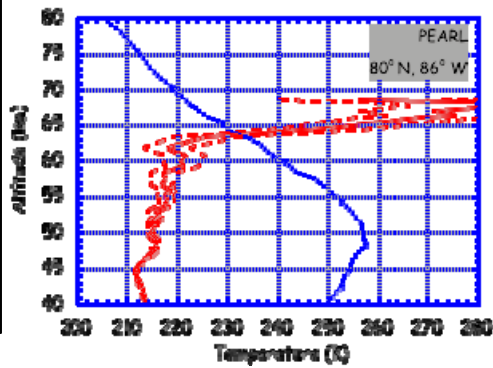
- Descent of NO_x when vortex is strong
- But - broken PWs during SSWs temporarily de-couple the vortex between 25 and 40 km
- 3-D view illustrates synoptic evolution of vortex de-coupling in the stratosphere
- **3-D vortex/anticyclone info 1957-2009**

Thank You!

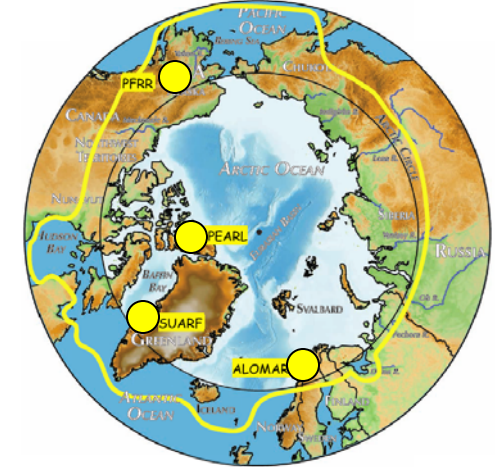
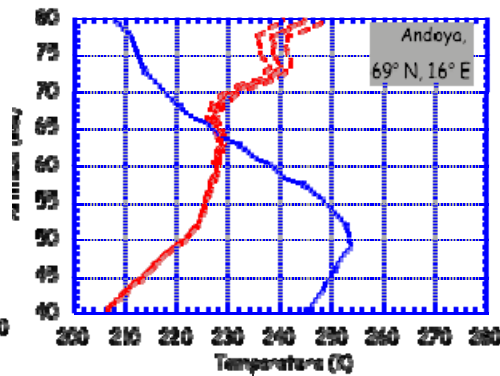
Feb 10



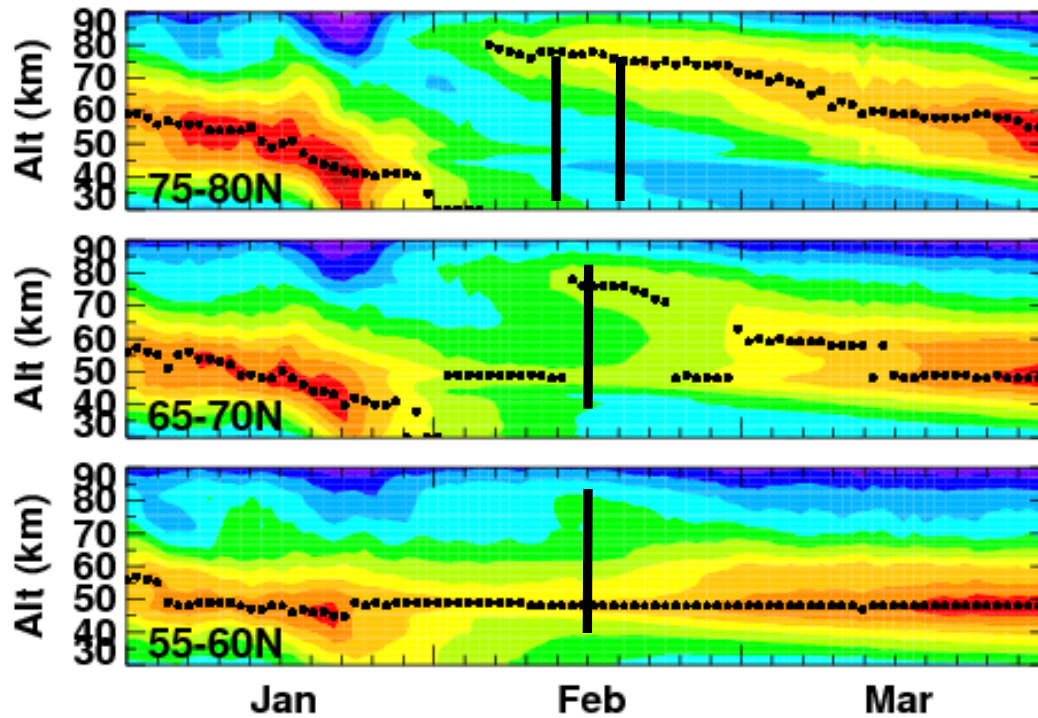
Feb 10 80°N



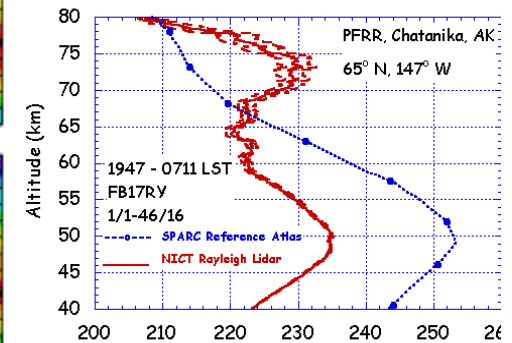
Feb 19 70°N



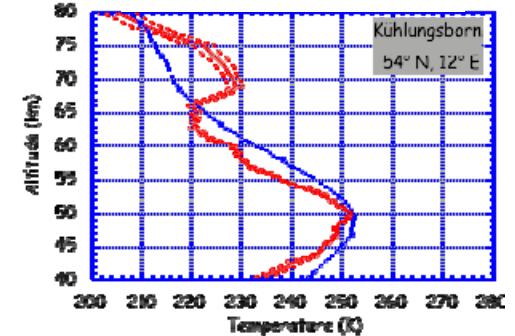
2009
MLS



Feb 15 65°N



Feb 15 55°N



Randall et al. 2009

1-D single-site profiles. 2-D altitude time sections at different latitudes. Next show polar panels at 30 km and 50 km. Then 3-D and 4-D.

Feb 20th to 27th 2008

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