Lagrangian Diagnostics of Large-Scale Transport and Stirring in the UTLS

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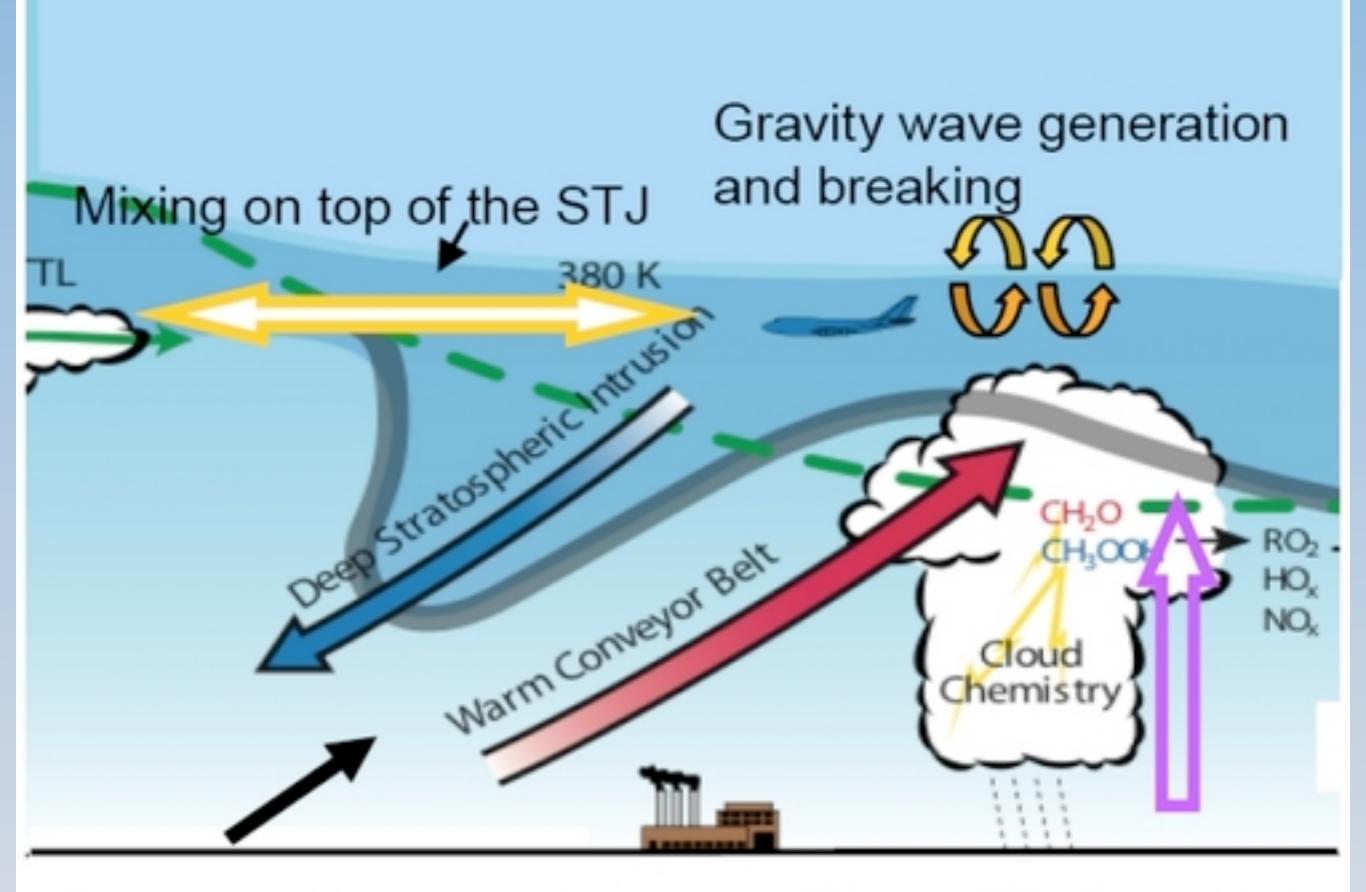
Goal of START08 mission is to understand the processes responsible for trace species distributions in the UTLS

UTLS transport and mixing are the result of processes at a wide range of scales (planetary to molecular)

Definitions

Stirring - irreversible *macroscopic* transport Mixing - irreversible *microscopic* transport (at the molecular level)

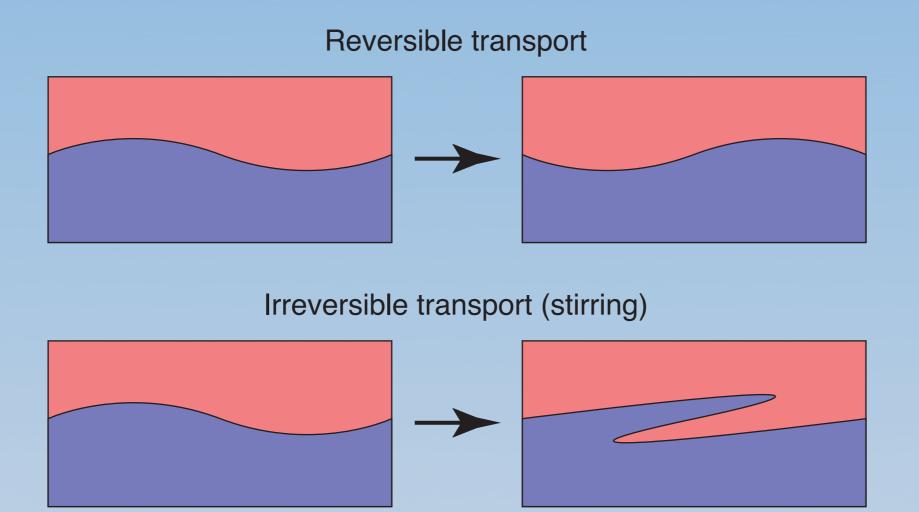
Three-dimensional climatological transport
Large-scale two-dimensional stirring by transient waves



Long range transport

Convective transport

Reversible vs. Irreversible Transport

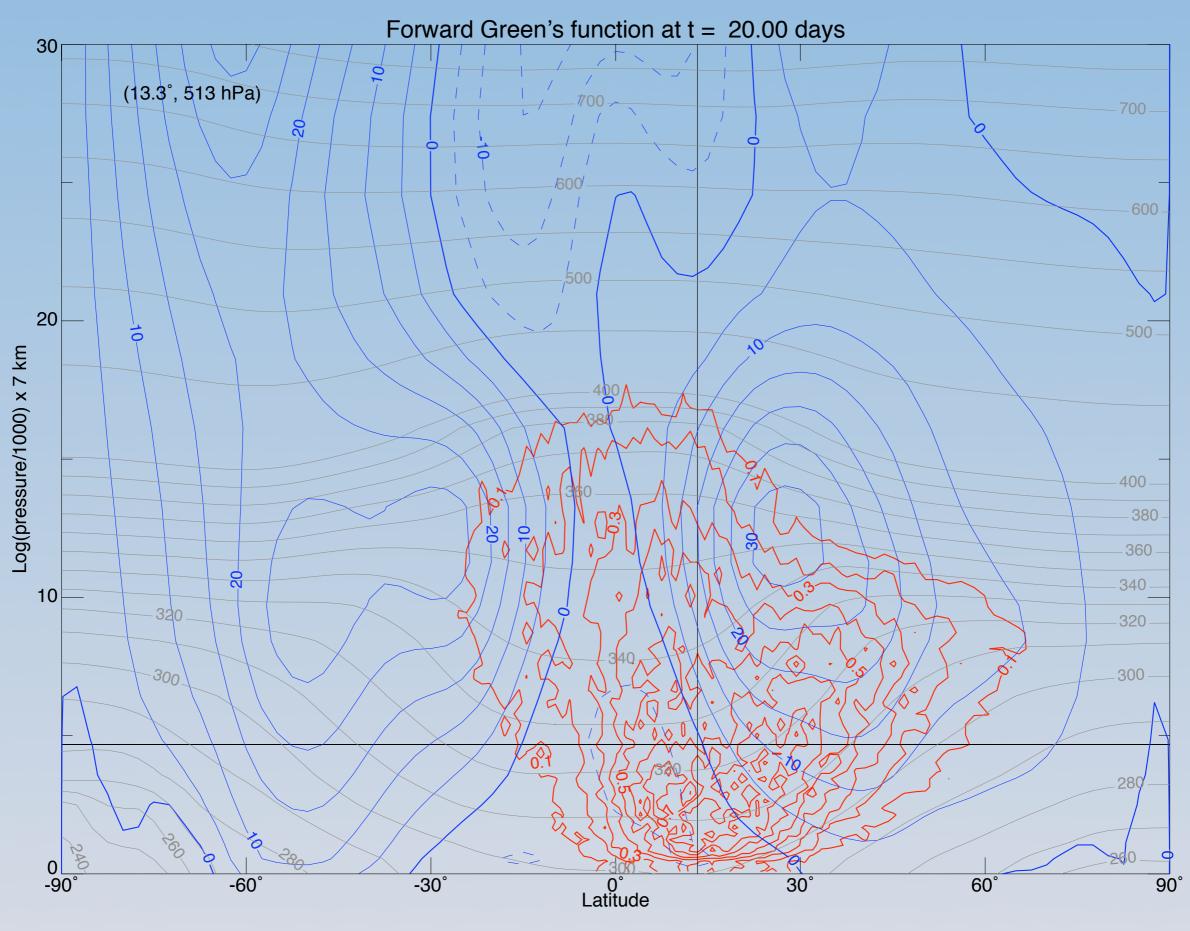


Large-scale stirring by folding and stretching produces filaments with large surface areas. Repeated stretching and folding rapidly produces thin layers (~ few days). These layers can be acted on by smaller-scale processes (e.g., gravity wave breaking and turbulence).

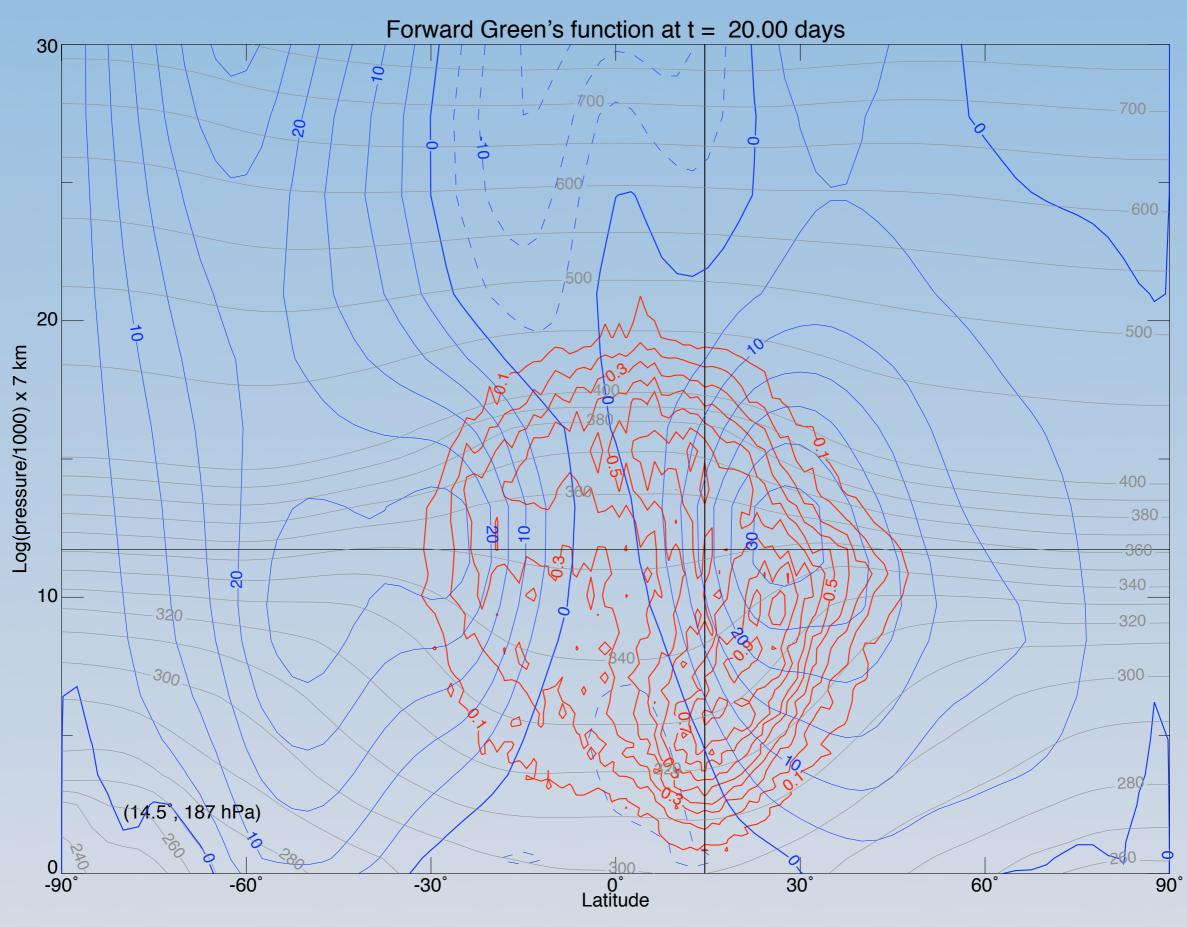
I. Climatological Transport Characteristics

- Release particles at a particular location in the atmosphere at many different times
- Examine the climatological distribution of particle locations after some time

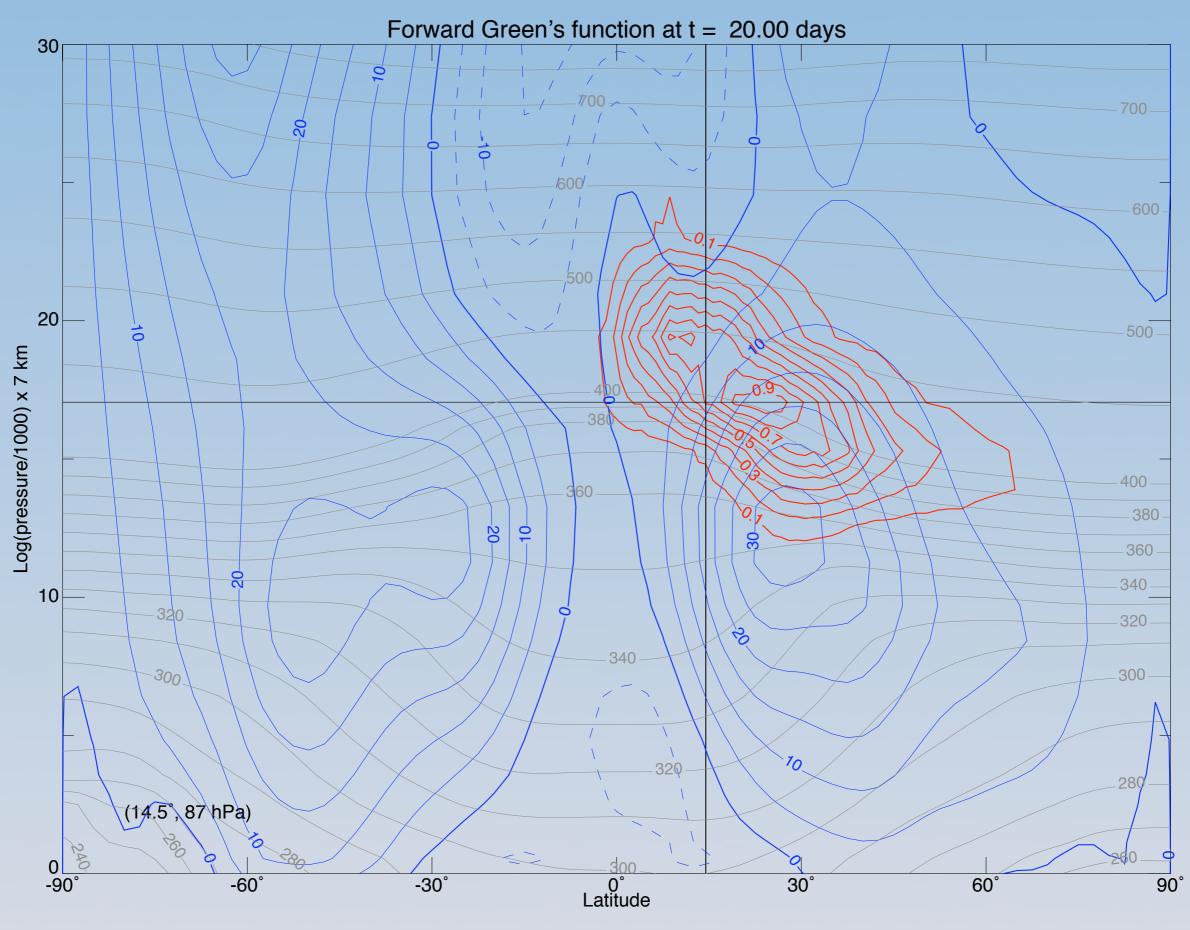
April Climatological Transport



April Climatological Transport

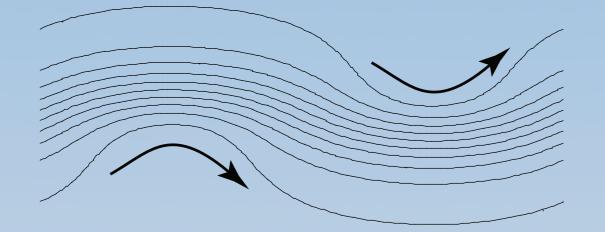


April Climatological Transport



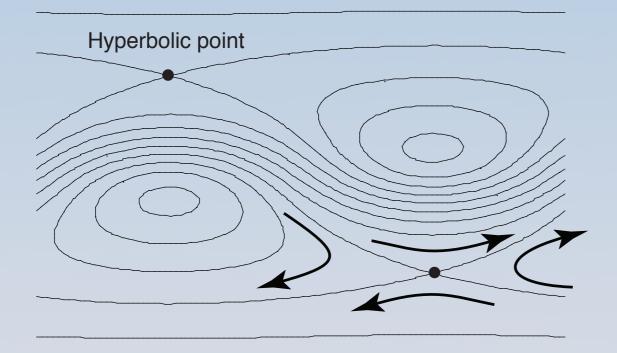
2. Stirring by transient large-scale waves

- Well-developed theory for the 2-D, non-divergent case (Hamiltonian system)
- Good approximation for the large-scale UTLS flow for short times scales (~ days)



Jet and traveling wave in conventional stationary reference frame

Transport *appears* to be reversible



Jet and traveling wave in reference frame moving with wave

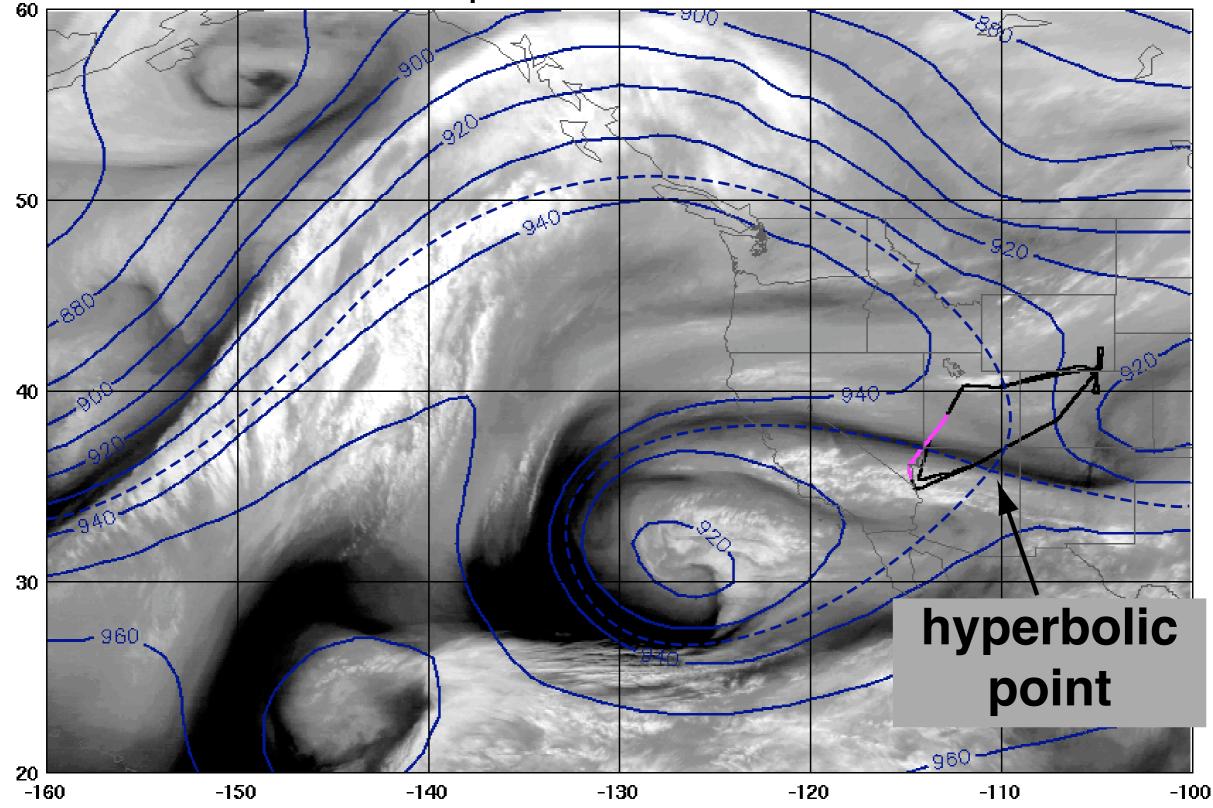
Closed circulations cause folding, shear from jet causes stretching, result is *irreversible* stirring

Hyperbolic regions are the essential geometric features

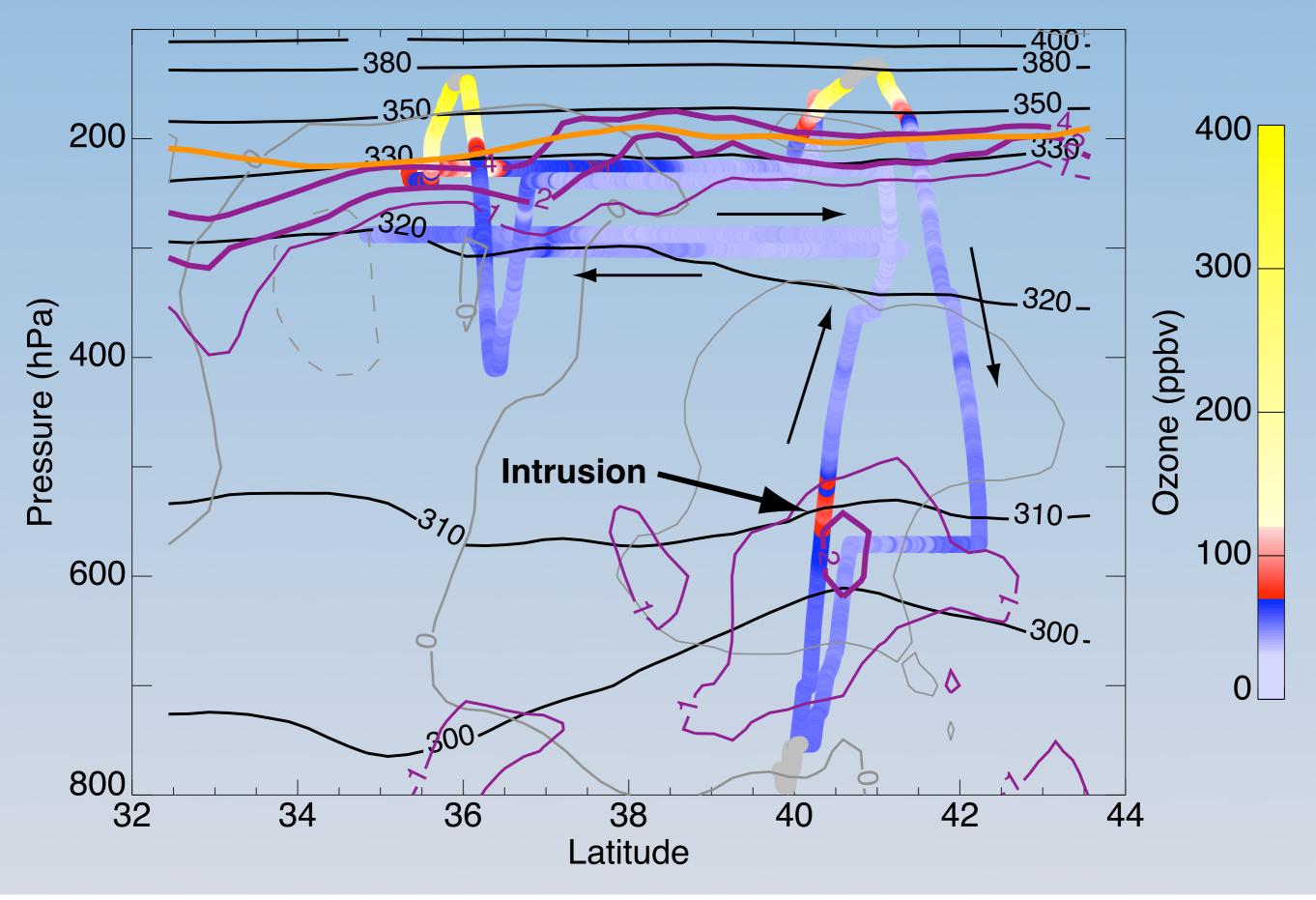
No transport *through* the jet core

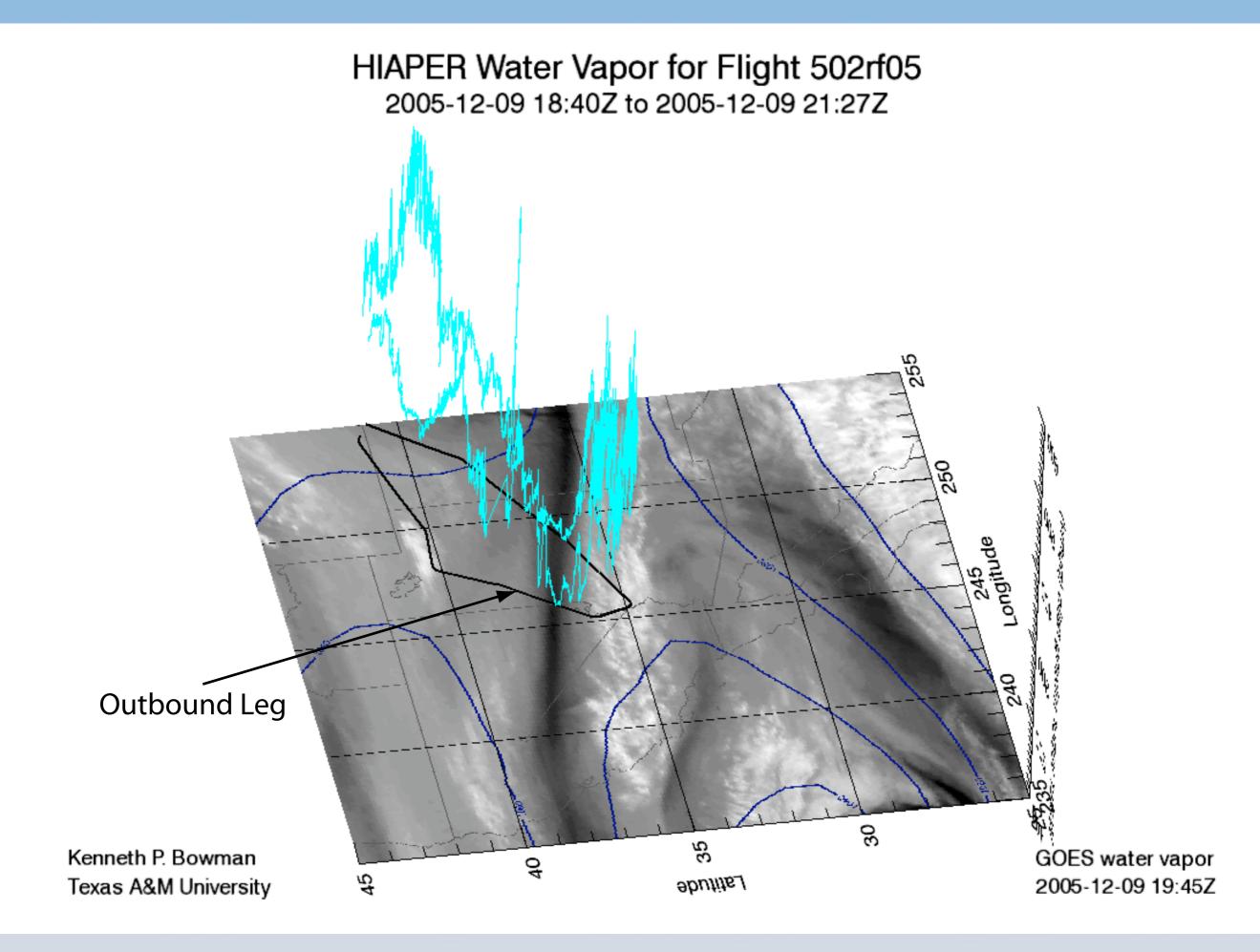
GOES Water Vapor, 300 hPa Z, and HIAPER Flight Track

GOES Water Vapor and 300 hPa Z for 2005-12-09 19:45Z

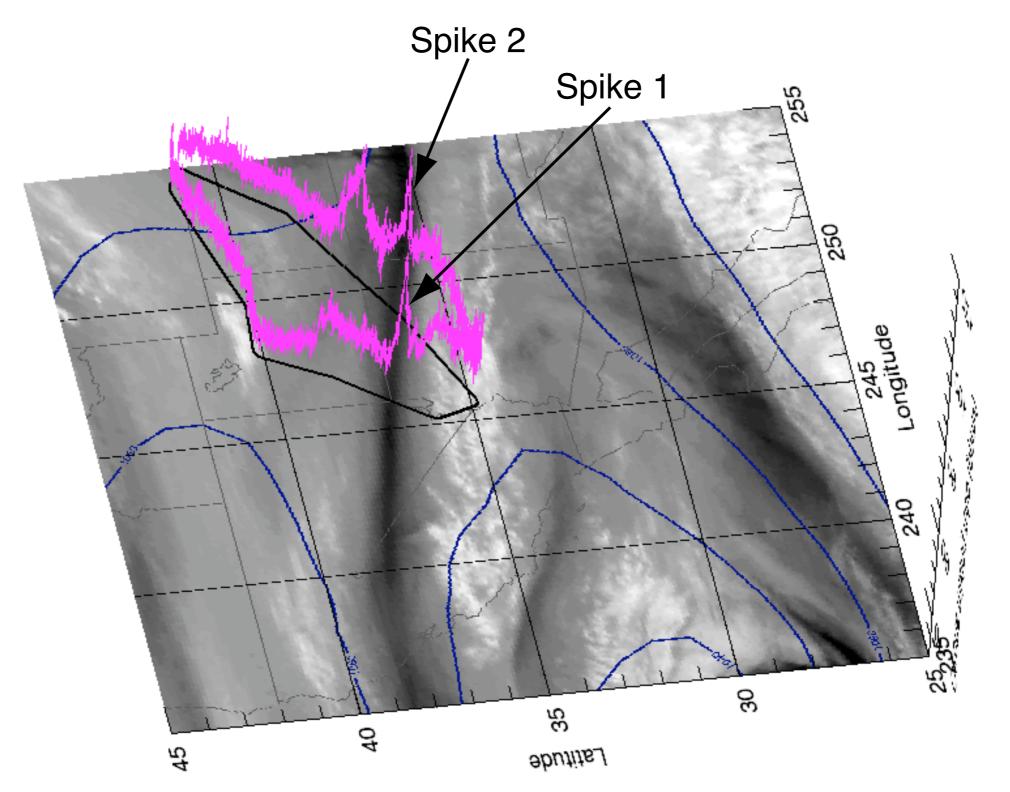


START05 HIAPER Flight 5



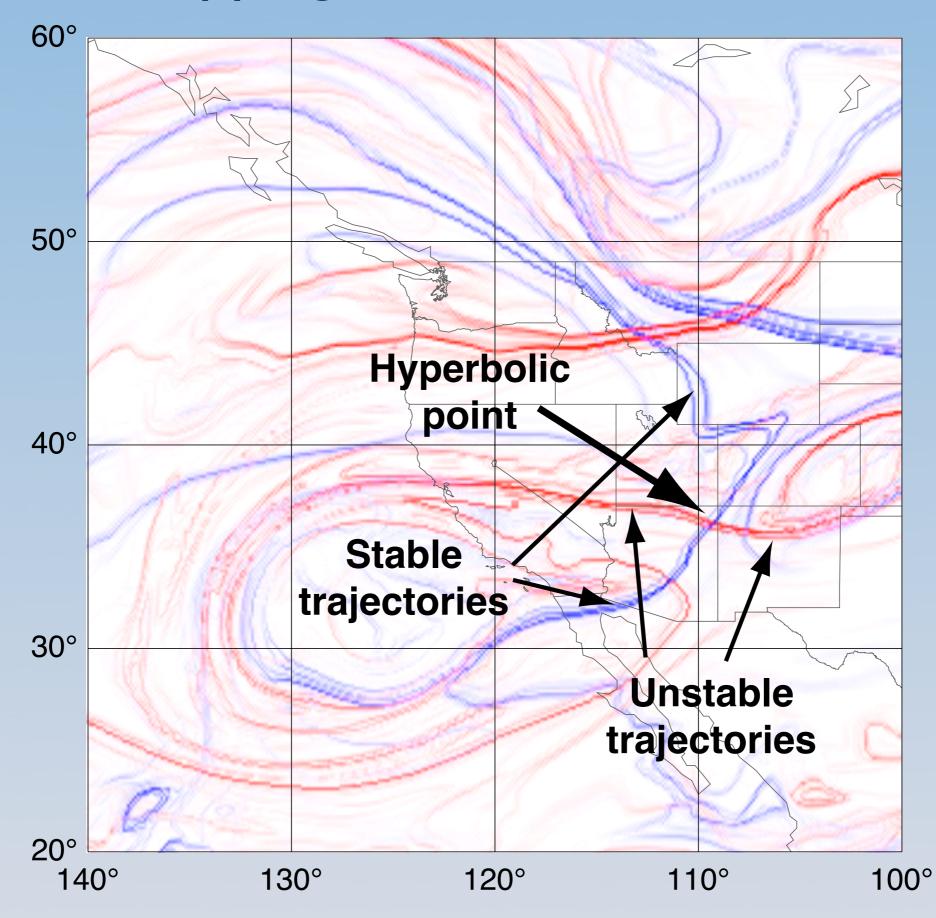


HIAPER Ozone for Flight 502rf05 2005-12-09 18:40Z to 2005-12-09 21:27Z



Kenneth P. Bowman Texas A&M University GOES water vapor 2005-12-09 19:45Z

Mapping the Flow Structure



Summary

- Climatological transport analysis indicates poleward transport above the jet, possibly related to multiple tropopause formation
- Trajectory analysis shows the rapid stirring (stretching and folding) by the large-scale flow in the UTLS that produces smallscale layering
- Vertical shear, gravity wave breaking, and turbulence can then operate on this fine structure to produce true mixing
- For case studies we will map the stirring structure at multiple levels in the UTLS (below, through, and above the jet)
- Flow analysis will be done as part of flight planning using GFS forecast winds