

Intercomparison of vertical structure and formation mechanism between summer ozone valley over Tibetan Plateau and North America

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- **Introduction**
- **Data and methods**
- **Vertical structure**
- **Formation mechanism**
- **Conclusion**

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Introduction

- **Ozone protecting Earth & heating stratosphere**

Andrews et al., 1987;

- **CFCs thinning ozone layer**

Rowland and Molina, 1974

- **Ozone hole in Poles**

Farman et al., 1985; Newman, 1997

- **Ozone Valley over the Tibetan Plateau (OVTP)**

Zhou et al., 1994; Zou, 1996; Bian et al.; Guo et al., 2012; 2015

- **Formation mechanism of OVTP**

Liu et al., 2003; Tian et al., 2008; Liu et al., 2009; Bian et al., 2011; Pan et al., 2016; Guo et al., 2012, 2015, 2017

- **Is there an Ozone Valley over North America (OVNA)?**

- **What is the difference between OVTP and OVNA?**

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Data and methods

- **Microwave Limb Sounder : O_3 , ClO, HCl, NO_2**

Waters et al., 2006; Livesey et al., 2011

- **ERA-Interim: winds, PV**

Simmons et al., 2007; Dee et al., 2011

- **Zonal deviation: $O_3^* = O_3 - [O_3]$**

Lorenz et al., 1967

- **Zonal deviation rate: $O_3^*/[O_3]$**

Guo et al., 2015

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Vertical structure

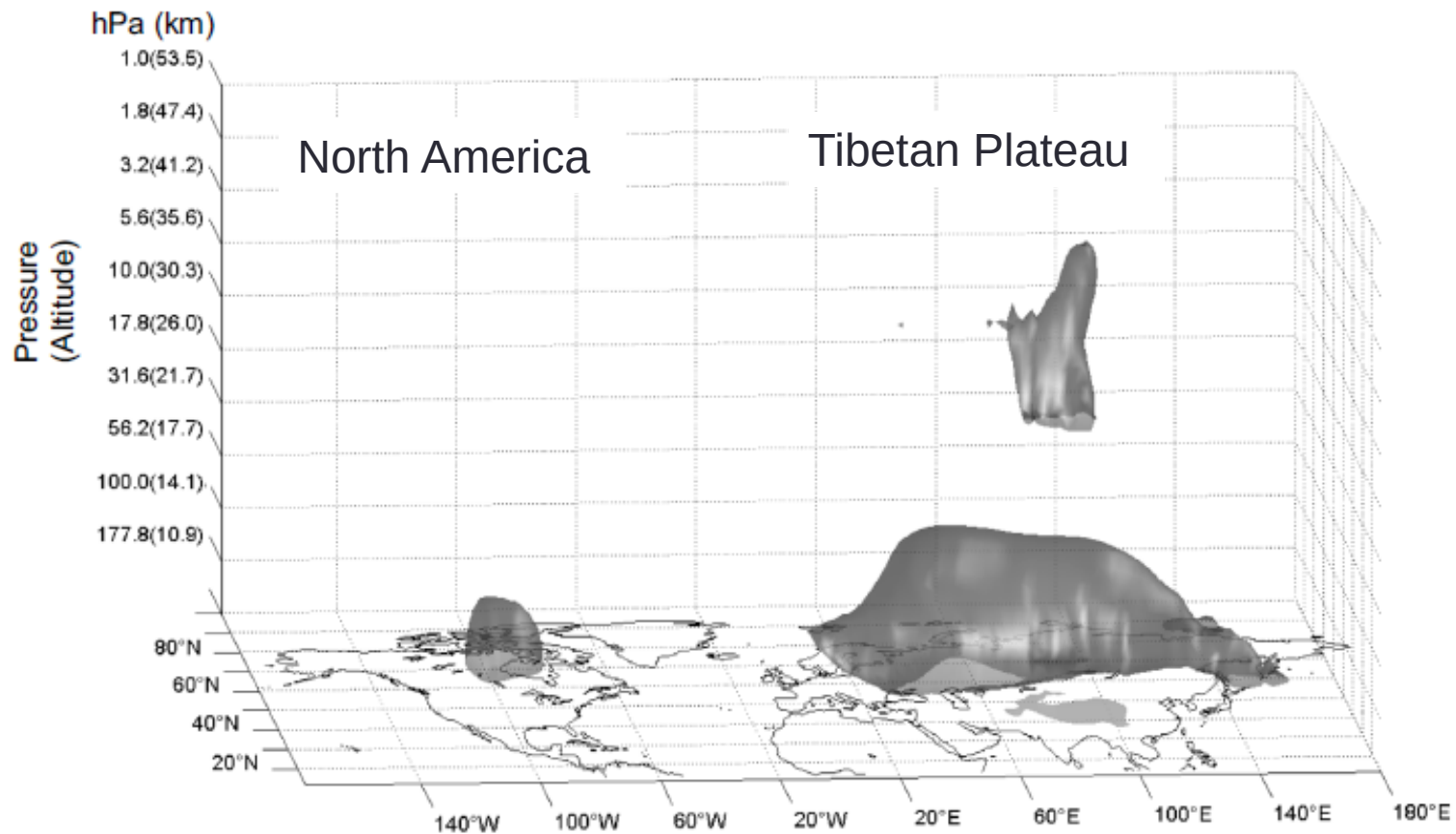


Figure 1 2005-2013 summer (JJA) mean $O_3^*/[O_3]$, which threshold value is -0.1 under 26.1 hPa and -0.01 above 26.1 hPa (units: 1)

Vertical structure

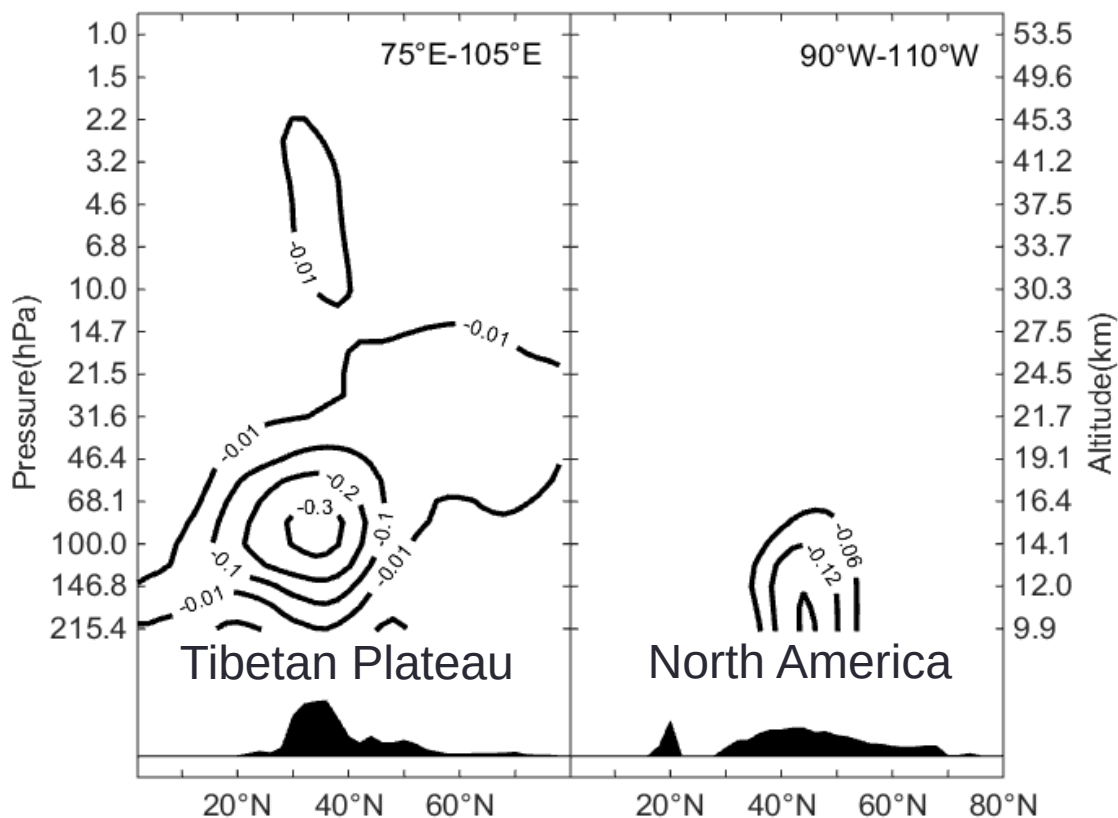


Figure 2 2005-2013 summer (JJA) mean $O_3^*/[O_3]$ over Tibetan Plateau (75-105°E mean) and North America (90-110°W mean); unit:1; shade areas indicate terrain

Vertical structure

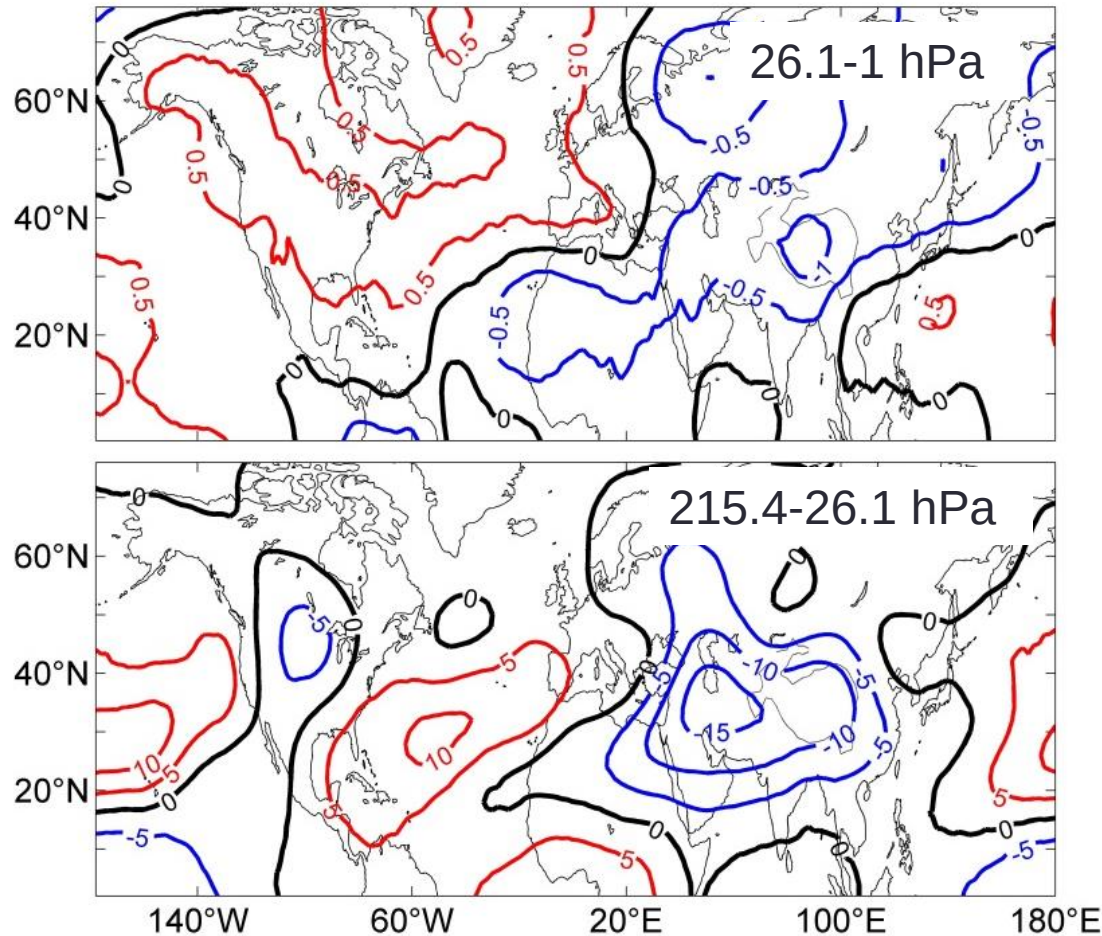


Figure 3 Vertical integration of 2005-2013 summer (JJA) mean O_3^* (in Dobson Units) from 26.1 to 1 hPa and from 215.4 to 26.1 hPa

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Formation mechanism

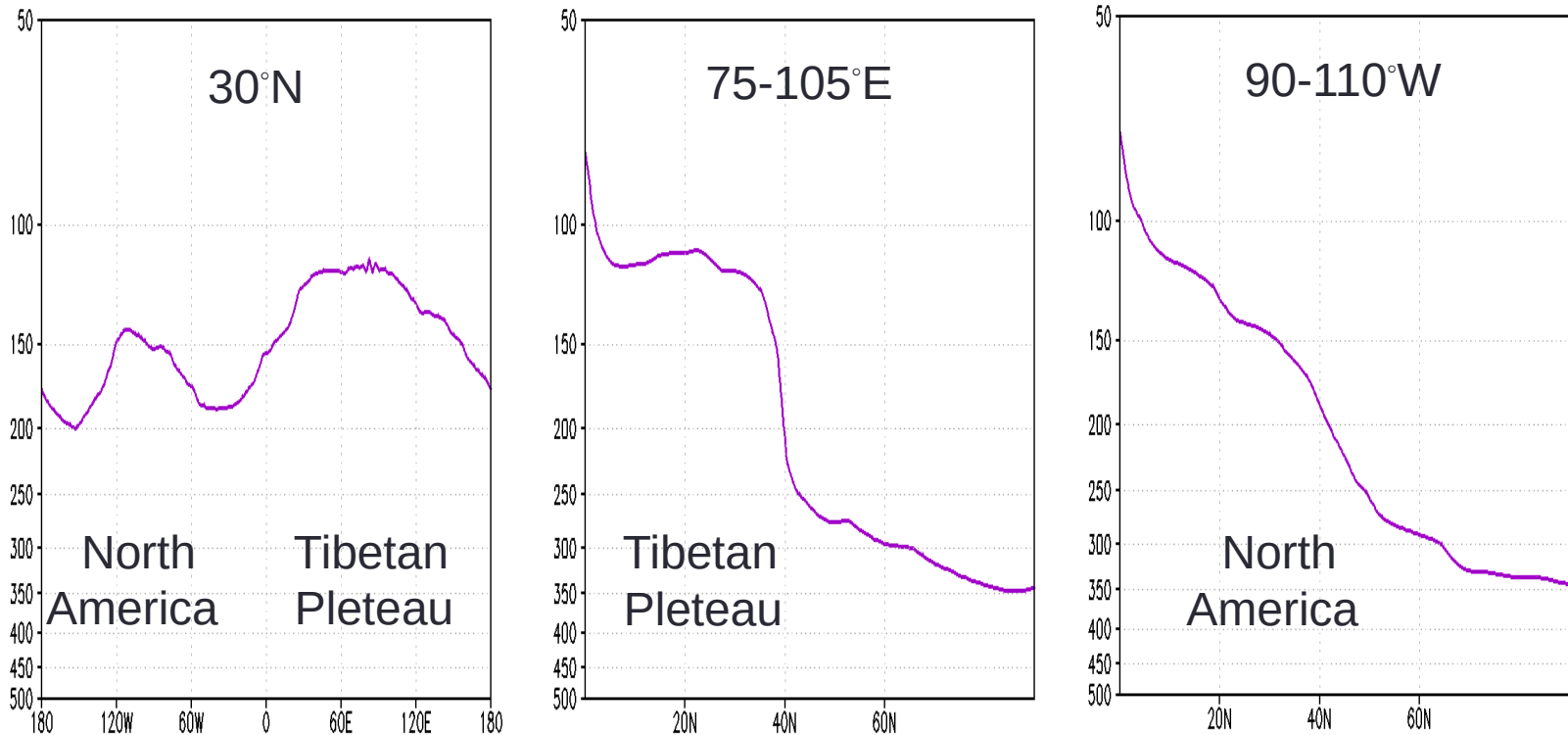


Figure 4 vertical-latitude cross section of 2005-2013 summer (JJA) mean tropopause height (hPa) along 30°N, 75-105°E and 90-110°W

Formation mechanism

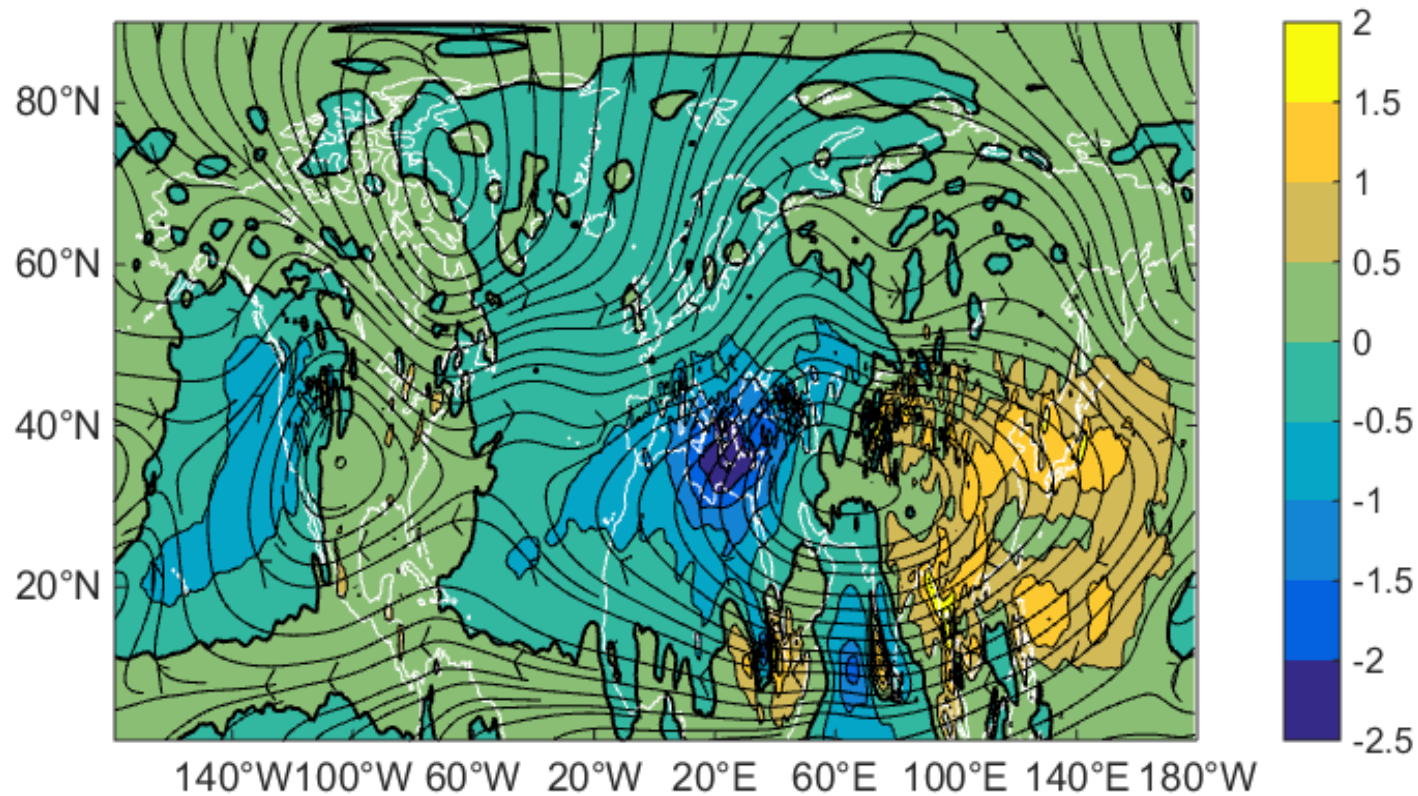


Figure 5 2005-2013 summer (JJA) mean circulation (stream lines) and O₃ flux divergence (shaded; unit: $10^{-12} \text{ kg} \cdot \text{kg}^{-1} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$) at 100 hPa

Formation mechanism

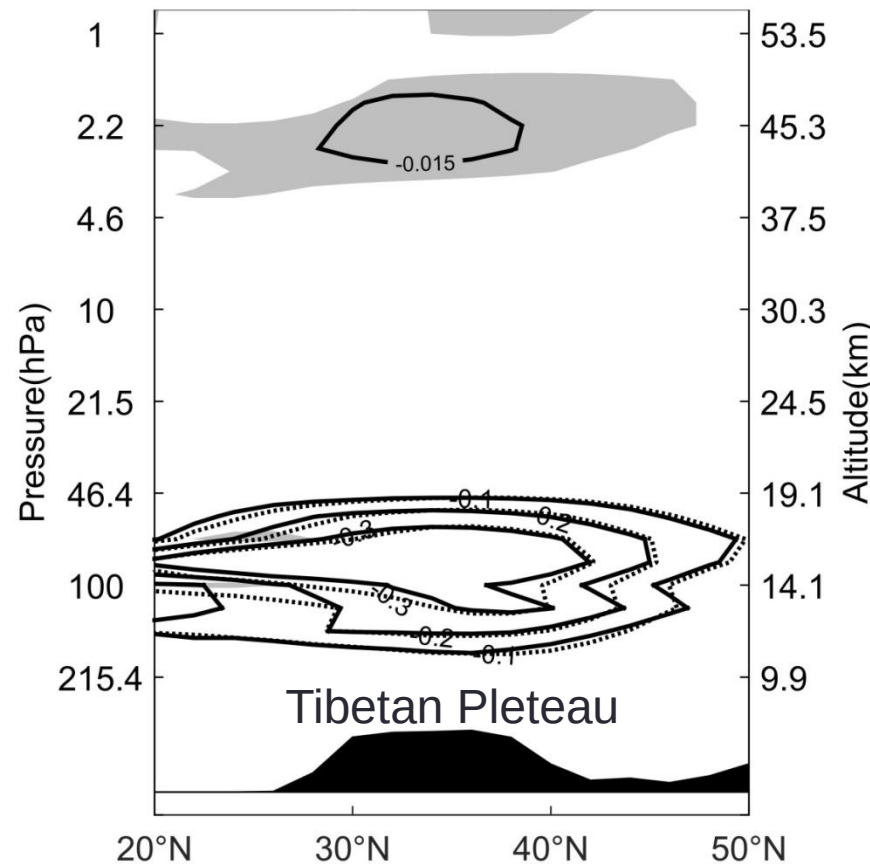


Figure 6 vertical-latitude cross section of 2005-2013 summer (JJA) mean $O_3^*/[O_3]$ (units: 1) along 75°-105° E in daytime (solid) and in nighttime (dotted), and the differences between them (shades indicating 1% confidence level)

Formation mechanism

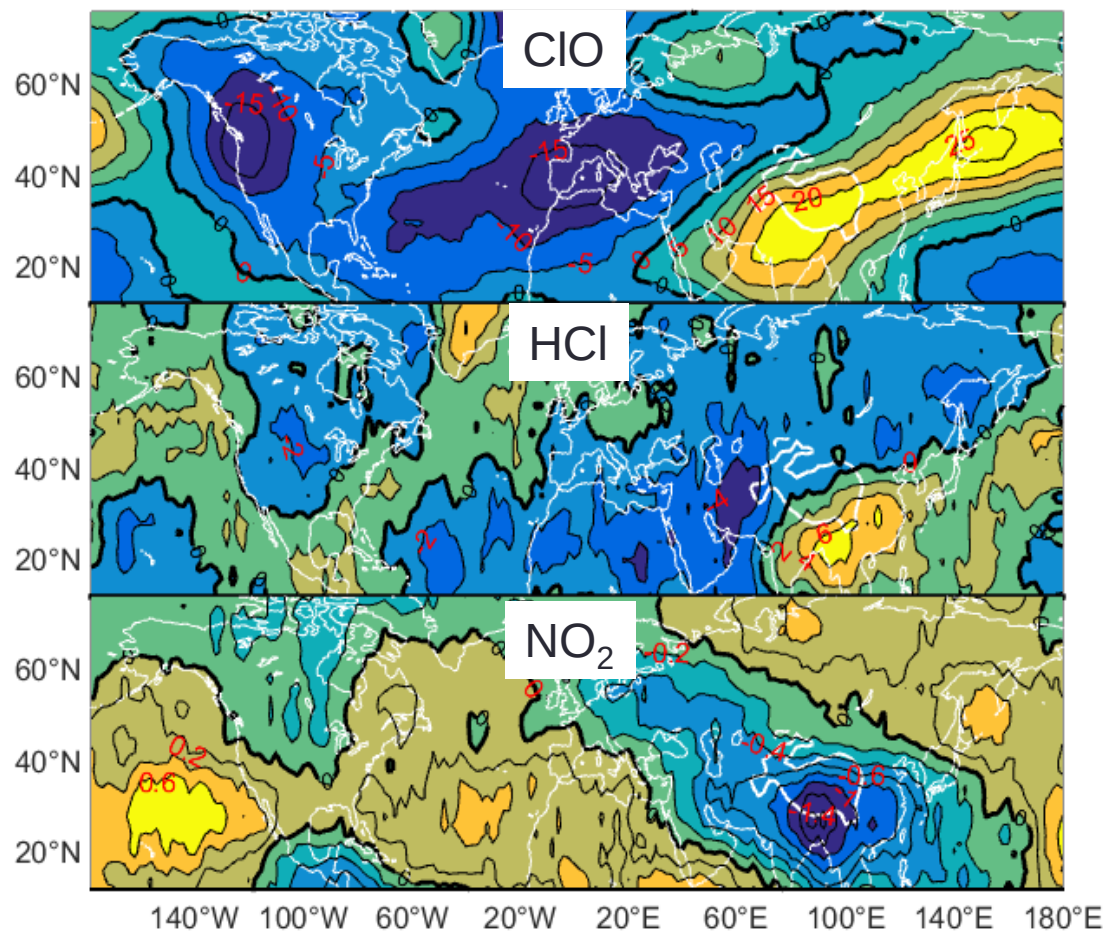


Figure 7 2005-2013 summer (JJA) mean zonal deviation of CIO, HCl and NO₂ (unit: ppt) at 10 hPa

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Conclusion

Ozone Valley	Tibetan Plateau	North America
Center in vertical direction	Two	One
Center in UTLS	Strongest	Weak
Center in Upper Stratosphere	Weakest	No
Mechanism of UTLS center	Dynamics	Dynamics
Mechanism of center in Upper Stratosphere	Chemicals	

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